

## Shree Ganesh Puja



Each new activity or **pooja** is started by **first** worshipping and offering reverences to the holy God Lord **Ganesha**. He is invoked and called to preside over any worship or yagna, and only after this the other rituals are started. He is also the first to be worshipped during any auspicious event.

Traditionally, every religious and auspicious function begins with worship of Lord Ganesha. No other god is equal in significance to Ganesh. The reason for this greater significance is that the word Ganesh is a form of Brahma and hence symbolizes Omkar. Ganesh is the Lord of Good Fortune who provides prosperity, fortune and success. He is the Lord of Beginnings and the Remover of Obstacles of both material and spiritual kinds. He is also known as the destroyer of evils and the God of education, knowledge, wisdom, wealth and domestic harmony.

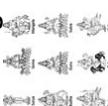
What to do	What to say
Recite 3 times	Om Shree Ganeshaya Namah! Om Hari Om!
Recite once.	Vakratunda MahaaKaya Suryakotee Sama Prabha Nirvighnam Kuru mey Deva Sarva kaaryeshu Sarvadaa Om Ekdantaye Vidmahe, Vakratundaaya Dheemahi, Tanno Dhanti Prachodayaat, Om Gam Ganapataya Namah!
Place the Ganesh idol or photo frame facing East or West, but not facing the South.	Apply sandal paste and kumkum on the idol's forehead, palms and feet and then garland with flowers.

What to do	What to say
Light lamp or candle	deepa iyoth param brahma deepayotri jahardana deepo haratu me papam deepa jyoti namo stutiae
Sip water 3 times	om achutaya namaha om anantaya namaha om govindaya namaha
Repeat to honor guru	gurur brahma, gurur vishnu, gurur devo maheshwara guru sakshaat para brahma, tasmai shree guravae namaha
Invoke Ganesha by repeating while tapping temples	skandham barad haram vishnum shashi varnam chatur buljam prasanna vedaanam dhyayet sarva vighno paashantayae
Do pranayam	Om bhoor bhuvas svaha tat savitur varenyam bhargo devasya deernahi dhiyyo na pracho dayat (touch right ear)
	Repeat for statement of purpose (holding rice and flowers)
	Invite Ganesha to the puja
	Offer a place to sit
	Offer water to wash hands
	Offer water to clean feet
	Offer water to drink
	Offer sweet
	Offer water to bathe in
	Offer another drink

What to do	What to say
With flower and rice in hand offer the food	OM pranaya swaha OM apanaya swaha OM yanaya swaha OM udanaya swaha OM samanaya swaha OM brahamanay swaha
Offer water	madhyae madhyae paneeyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer water after eating	naivedyam anantaram achamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer rice in place of betel leaf	tamboolam akshatam samarpayami (offer rice)
Light camphor or ghee wick and offer in 3 rotations in front of Ganesha, then say...	vakratunda maha kaya suryakoti samaprabha nirgnam kuru mae deva sara karyaeshu sarvada
Offer water	neerajan antaram achamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
Do pradakshina and bow down and express your wish or desire to Ganesha	yanni kanni cha papani janmantara kutani cha tani tani vina shyantri pradakshina paddy paday
Offer prayers	Prattana namaskaram samarpayami

What to do	What to say
Offer sandalpaste on his head	gandhan dharayami (offer sandal)
Offer kumkum on his head	ghandopari haridra kumkumam samarpayami (offer Kumkum)
Offer jewels	abharanam samarpayami (offer rice or flowers)
Offer rice	akshataan samarpayami (offer rice)
Offer flowers with each nameha	pushthai poojayami (offer flowers while repeating the following names of Ganesha)  sumukaya namaha yaekadantaya namaha kapilyaya namaha gajakarnakaya namaha lambodaraya namaha vikataya namaha vignarajaya namaha ganadhipaya namaha palachandraya namaha gajananaya namaha vakratundaya namaha shoornakarnaya namaha herambaya namaha skandapoorvajaya namaha maha ganapataye namaha nanavida parimala patra pushpani samarpayami
Offer incense	dhoopam agrahayami
Offer oil lamp	deepam darshayami
Offer water sprinkled on fruit	OM bhoor bhuvas suvaha tat savitur varenyam bhargo devasya deemahi dhivyo na pracho dayat
Offer fruit	naivedyam navaedayami (sprinkle water on fruit)

## Simple Navgraha Puja



What to do	What to say
Offer flowers	pushthi pojayami (offer flowers while repeating the following mantras)

What to do	What to say
Invite the Navgraha to the puja	asmin bimbae sumukam navagraha dhiya yeam, avahayami (offer rice)
Offer a place to sit	asnam samarpayami (offer rice)
Offer water to wash hands	arygam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer water to clean feet	padyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer water to drink	achamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer sweet	madhu parkam samarpayami (offer rice or flowers)
Offer water to bathe in	snanam samarpayami (offer water on the planet's image)

What to do	What to say
Offer another drink	snanan antaram achhamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer cloth, decoration and sacred thread in the form of rice	vastra, alankara, upaveetartam, akshataan samarpayami (offer rice)
Offer sandal powder	gandhan dharayami (offer sandal)
Offer kumkum powder	ghantasyo pari haridra kumkumam samarpayami (offer kumkum)
Offer jewels	abharanam samarpayami (offer rice or flowers)
Offer rice	akshataan samarpayami (offer rice)

What to do	What to say
Offer flowers	<p>Neelanjana Samrabhasan Ravipurnam Yamagrajam Chaya Maranda Sambhuham Tam Namami Shanishcharam  Om Shanishcharaya Namaha Ardhakayam Mahaviriyam Chadriditya Vimardanam Simhika Garba sambhuham Tam Rahum Pranamanyaham  Om Rahave Namaha  Kalasha Pushpa Sarkasham Taraka Graha Masta kam Raucram Raudra taimikam Goram Tam Ketum Pranamanyaham  Om Ketave Namaha</p> <p>Now take flowers and hold while reciting the following for all the planets and then offer.</p>
Offer incense	dhoopam agrahayami
Offer oil lamp	deepam darshayami
Offer water sprinkled on fruit	OM bhoor bhuvas suvaha tat savitur varenyam bhargo devasya deemahi dhiyyo na prachod dayat
Offer fruit	naivedyam navaedayami (sprinkle water on fruit)
With flower and rice in hand offer the food	OM pranaya swaha OM apanaya swaha OM vyanyaya swaha OM udanaya swaha OM samanaya swaha OM brahmanaya swaha
Offer water	madhyae madhyae paneeyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer water after eating	naivedyam anantaram achamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
Offer rice in place of betel leaf	tamboolam akshatan Samarpayami (offer rice)

What to do	What to say
Light camphor or ghee wick and offer in 3 rotations in front of the planets and say...	<p>ta tatra suryo bhati na chandra tarakam nema vidhyuto bhananti kuto yamagni tameva, bhanita, manubhati sarvam tasya bhasya sarvamidam vibhati</p> <p>Aditya Somaya Mangalaya Budhayacha Guru Shukra Sanibescha Rahavay Ketavay Namaha karpoora neerajam sandarshayami,</p>
Offer water	neerajan antaram achamaneyam samarpayami (offer water)
	<p>Do pradakshina and bow down and express your wish or desire to the Navagraha</p> <p>Offer prayers</p> <p>Pratana namaskaram samarpayami</p>

## यज्ञ

**Agnihotram** ( offerings through Agni to other devatas )

**Homa / Havan**

**Yajya / Yajña / Yagna / Yadnya / Yagya / yaj~na / yagnya**

It is a Vedic fire ritual, in which fire is raised in an enclosed altar, the *Havan Kund*, typically a square-shaped or an upside down pyramid-shaped structure made of bricks, with the top portion open to air. The sacred fire is both a deity as well as the medium to deliver offerings made to other deities.

The deities to be worshiped are invoked during the yagna. Clarified butter (the fuel for yagna), medicinal herbs, twigs of Peepul tree, fire wood, and other offerings (Aahutis, Oblations) are put into the fire, accompanied by chanting specific hymns from the Vedas.

**Offerings** in Hinduism refers to personal surrender through acts of inner and outer worship. **Devata** is both universal and personal, but still refer to the Supreme God. Devata is said to grow when people worship. This is the personal aspect. The growth of devata in man is the development and fulfillment of man's being, material, emotional, intellectual and spiritual.

### ANCIENT VEDIC SOLUTION FOR GLOBAL WARMING

"Yes, the amount of suffering, a man inflicts on his fellow-beings by polluting the air, and water with the waste products of his system and consequently bringing on disease, becomes the measure of his sin, to atone for which it becomes incumbent on him to perform Homa and thereby purify air and water to an extent, equal to, or greater than the mischief he has done."

### *Light of Truth* ( सत्यार्थ प्रकाश ) *Swami Dayanand ji Saraswati*

"I hold that the performance of yajna is most commendable. It consists in showing due respect to the wise, and the learned, in the proper application of the principles of chemistry and physical and mechanical sciences to the affairs of life, in the dissemination of knowledge and culture, in the performance of Agnihotra which, by contributing to the purification of air and water, rain and vegetables, directly promotes the well-being of all sentient creatures." **Swami Dayanand ji Saraswati**

Yagna is the second of the five supreme sacred duties of life. It is our paramount duty to keep our environment clean. The texts recited during Yagna bears ethical, social and spiritual values. It is a matter of great pride to be associated with the same texts which were recited by our sages and forefathers many thousands of years ago. As mentioned in Brahmana, yagna should be performed with the oblation of faith ( shraddha ) in the fire of truth ( satya ). Truth with faith is a complete yagna. The climax of true spirit of yagna appears at the heart of devotees by pronouncing IDAM NA MAMA, while offering the oblation where they cultivate the inner deep feelings of dedication for the practical welfare of mankind.

#	यज्ञ विधि	अनुक्रमणिका ( INDEX )
1	आचमन मन्त्र	Aachamana mantra
2	इन्द्रिय स्तर्च मन्त्र	indriya sparsa mantra
3	ईश्वर प्रार्थना	iishvara praarthaanaa
4	स्वस्त्रिवाचकम्	swastrivaacharam
5	शान्तिप्रकरणम्	shaantitprakaranam
6	शिव-सत्त्वस्यमस्तु	shiva-sankalpamstu
7	अग्न्यासे ध्यान मन्त्र	agnyasya dhyaanaa mantra
8	अग्नि प्रज्ञलन मन्त्र	agni prajnalana mantra
9	अग्नि प्रदीपन मन्त्र	agni pradiipana mantra
10	समिधा दान मन्त्र	samidhaa daana mantra
11	दृष्टाङ्गुति मन्त्र	drishTaaanguti mantra
12	जल प्रसेन मन्त्र	jala prasechana mantra
13	आश्वारा वाऽन्यं भगवाङ्गुति मन्त्र	aaghaaraa vajya bhaagaahuti mantra
14	सामान्त्र प्रकाशम्	saamaanyaa prakaraNam
15	स्विष्ठकृत मन्त्र	swiShiTakRita mantra
16	प्रजापत्याङ्गुति मन्त्र ( शैवैन )	prajaapatyaaahuti mantra ( silent )
17	आच्महुति मन्त्र (४)	aajyaahuti mantra ( 4 )
18	आज्याङ्गुति मन्त्र (८)	aajyaahuti mantra ( 8 )
19	प्रातः या सर्वं कालं के मन्त्र	praataH yaa saayaM kaala ke mantra
20	दोनो कालं के मन्त्र	dono kaala ke mantra
21	गायत्रि मन्त्र	gaiyatri mantra
22	महा बृहुत्य मन्त्र	mahaan Ritiyunjaya mantra
23	पूर्णाङ्गुति मन्त्र	puriNahuti mantra
24	यज्ञ रूप प्रार्थना	yajna ruupa praarthanaa
25	कामना	kaamanaa
26	शान्ति पाठ	shaanti paatha

( 1 )

## आच्मन मन्त्र

ācamana mantra

( Sipping Of Water )

Rinse & then wipe your hands. Pour half a teaspoon of water in your right ( active ) hand palm each time before reciting the following three mantras. Sip after svaha at the end of each mantra.

ॐ अमृतो-पस्त-रण मसि स्वाहा ॥ १ ॥

om amṛto-pasta-raṇa masi svāhā ॥ १ ॥

Om. O Immortal God! You are my sustainer.

ॐ अमृता-पिघान-मसि स्वाहा ॥ २ ॥

om amṛtā-pidhāna-masi svāhā ॥ २ ॥

Om. O Immortal God! You are my Protector.

ॐ सत्यं यशः श्री - मौर्य श्रीः श्रयतां स्वाहा ॥ ३ ॥

om satyam yasah śrī - rmayi

śrīḥ śrayatām svāhā ॥ ३ ॥  
Om. O God! I call upon You for knowledge, prosperity and distinction so that I can help others. I pray that all my wishes will be fulfilled.

**Rinse & wipe your right hand again.**

( 2 )

## इन्द्रिय - स्पर्श - मन्त्र

Indria - sparṣa - mantra  
( Touching of Limbs )

Pour little water in your left hand, hold together & wet your right hands' middle & ring fingers. While reciting each of the following seven mantras touch your body parts as indicated below. Adults are encouraged to help & demonstrate this to the young ones.

ॐ वाङ्गमे आस्ये - १स्तु

om vāṅgame āsye - 'astu

Mouth  
Om. O God, bless me with good speech.

ॐ नासोर्म प्राणी - २स्तु ॥

om naasorme prāṇo - 'stu ॥ | Both outsides of Nose  
Om. O God, bless me with good breathing.

ॐ अक्षोर्म चक्षुर - ३स्तु ॥

om aksnorme caksura - 'stu ॥ | Both Eyes

Om. O God, bless me with good eyesight.

ॐ कर्ण -योर्मे श्रोत्रम् - ॐ स्तु ॥

om karṇa -yorme śroṭrama - 'stu || Both Ears

Om. O God, bless me with good hearing.

ॐ बाहोर्मे बलम् - ॐ स्तु ॥

om bāhvorme balama - 'stu || Both Shoulders

Om. O God, bless me with strength in my arms.

ॐ ऊर्वोर्मे ओजो - ॐ स्तु ॥

om uurvorme ojo - 'stu || Both Knees

Om. O God, bless me with strength in my legs.

ॐ अरिष्टानि मे अङ्गानि तनू - स्तन्वा मे सह सन्तु ॥

om arīṣṭāni me angāni tanū - stanvā me saha santu ||

Om. O God, may all parts of my body be free of sickness. Grant me perfect health.

**And sprinkle rest of the water all over your body. You may rinse & wipe your hands again.**

### ( 3 )

ईश्वर - स्तुति - प्रार्थना - पासना - मन्त्र

īśvara - stuti - prārthana - pāsanā - mantra  
Mantras for praise, prayer and meditation upon God

ॐ विश्वानि देव सवितर् -दुरितानि परा सुव

यद् भद्रं तत्र आ सुव ॥ १ ॥

om viśvāni deva savitar-duritāni parā suva

yad bhadram tanna ā suva || 1 ||

Om. O God, the creator of the universe and the Giver of all happiness! Keep us far from bad habits, bad deeds and evils.

Bless us with whatever is virtuous.

ॐ हिरण्यगर्भः सम - वर्त - ताशे भूतस्य जाता: पतिरेक आसीत् । स दाशर  
पृथिवी यामुतेमा कर्म्मे देवाय हविषा विधेम ॥ २ ॥

om hiranyaśagarbhah sama - varta - tāgṛe bhūtasya jātāḥ  
patireka āśit | sa dādhāra prithvīm dyāmutemāṁ

kasmai devāya haviśā vidhema || 2 ||

Om. Om is: the all pervading God; the Creator of the Sun, the Moon and other things in world; the only Ruler of the world; and Controller of the Earth and the Sky. We should meditate with faith and devotion upon that God – the personification of happiness.

ॐ य आत्मदा बलदा यस्य विश्व उपासते प्रशिंषं यस्य देवाः ।

यस्य च्छाया - इमूर्तं यस्य मृत्युः कर्स्मै देवाय हविषा विधेम ॥ ३ ॥

om ya ātmadā baladā yasya viśva upāsate prasiām yasya devāḥ  
| yasya cchāyā - 'mrītām yasya mṛtyuḥ kasmai devāya haviṣā  
vidhema ॥ ३ ॥

Om. Om is the Giver of spiritual knowledge and physical strength. The whole world worships Om. Happiness and immortality are achieved under God's protection and blessings. Without God's protection there is death and ignorance. We should meditate with faith and devotion upon that God – the personification of happiness.

ॐ यः प्राणतो निमिषतो महित्वैक इदाजा जगतो बभूव ।

य ईशो अस्य द्विपदश्च-चतुष्पदः कर्स्मै देवाय हविषा विधेम ॥ ४ ॥

om yah prāṇato nimiṣato mahitvaika idrājā jagato babhūva | ya  
iśe asya dvipadaś-catuspadah kasmai devāya haviṣā vidhema  
॥ ४ ॥  
Om. Om is the Creator of everyone and everything. Om is pervading the whole universe and is the sole Ruler of the universe. Om is the Lord of all living beings. We should meditate with faith and devotion upon that God – the personification of happiness.

ॐ येन द्योरुग्मा पृथिवी च हृष्टा येन स्वः स्तम्भितं येन नाकः ।

यो अन्तरिक्षे रजसो विमानः कर्स्मै देवाय हविषा विधेम ॥ ५ ॥

om yeana dyorugrā prithivī ca drdha yean svah stabbhitam yeana  
nākah | yo antarikṣe rājaso vimānah kasmai devāya haviṣā  
vidhema ॥ ५ ॥

Om. Om has created the Sky and the earth. Om is the personification of happiness and *Moksha*. Om pervades the Sky and Space. We should meditate with faith and devotion upon that God – the personification of happiness.

ॐ प्रजापते नत्वदेता - न्यन्यो विश्वा जातानि परिता बभूव । यत्कामास्ते जुहु-  
मस्तज्ञो अस्तु वर्य स्याम पतयो रथिणाम् ॥ ६ ॥  
om prajāpate na tvadetā - nyanyo viśvā jātāni paritā babhūva |  
yatkāmāste juhu-mastanno astu vayair syāma rayinām  
॥ ६ ॥

Om. O Eashwar, the Creator of the universe, You are the Supreme. No one has ever been Your equal, no one is and no one will ever be. May You grant us whatever we wish so that we may become masters of riches.

ॐ स नौ बन्तुज्जनिता स विधाता धामानी वेद भुवनानि विश्वा । यत्र देवा अमृत  
- मानशान - स्तुतीये धामन्त्र-ध्यैर्यन्त ॥ ७ ॥  
om sa nau bandhurjanitā sa viddhāta dhāmāni veda bhuvanāni  
viśvā | yatra devā' amrita - mānaśānā - staritiye dhāmanna-  
dhyairayanta ॥ ७ ॥

Om. Om is our real friend. Om is the creator of the universe and is the Bestower of riches.O God, You know all the known and unknown worlds and You pervade these worlds. All learned people, having given up their worldly desires, meditate upon Om for the attainment of knowledge and liberation. May we all call upon that God!

ॐ अस्मै नय सुपथा राये अस्मान् विश्वानि देव वयुनानि विद्वान् ।  
 युयो ध्यस्म जुहुरण मेनो भूयिष्ठं ते नम-उक्तं विद्येम ॥ ८ ॥

om agnai naya supathā rāyei asmān viśvāni deva vayunāni  
 vidvān | yuyo dhyasma juhurāṇa meno bhuyiṣṭhāin te nama-  
 uktim vidhema ॥ 8 ॥

Om. O God! You are Dev, the Self-illuminating; and you are Agni, the personification of knowledge. Show us the right path which leads to true knowledge and Dharma so that we may attain knowledge and happiness in life through righteous deeds. Cast away all our ill-thoughts and sins. May we be ever sing your name and meditate upon you.

## ( 4 ) ATHAA SVASTI VAACHANAM

### अथ स्वस्ति वाचनम्

**Mantras of Rig Veda, Yajur, Saam & Atharva Veda**

Here we begin the Swasti Vaachana, the prayers for a harmonized life. We pray that the Supreme Cosmic Force, God, and all other Cosmic forces - the sun, moon, stars, air, earth, sky and heaven, and all teachers, parents and friends may contribute their powers to help make our life blissful.

[ Note : recite first seven & goto # 28 the last four mantras or recite all & goto shaantikaram ]

१ । आयि मीड्हु पुरोहितं यज्ञस्य देव-मृत्विजम् । होतारं रत्न-धातमम् ।

॥ १ ॥ - क्रृष्ण वेद १ । १ ॥ ६ ।

1. Agni neede purohitam yajyasya deva-mrit-wijam.  
 Hotaaram ratna-dhaatamam - Rig Veda 1:1:6

मैं (पुरोहितम) सृष्टि-उत्पत्ति से पुर्व सृष्टि के मुलकाण परमाणु आदि को धारण करनेवाले (यज्ञस्य) सृष्टिर्पीय के (देवम) प्रकाश करने-वाले (ऋत्विजम) बारम्बार उत्पत्ति के सम्पर्क में स्थर्तु सृष्टि का संहार करनेवाल (रत्नधातमम) मनोस्तर पृथिवी और सूर्यन आदि रखों को धारण करने और देनेवाले (अग्निम्) जगदीश्वर की (ईळ्य) स्तुति और प्रार्थना करता हूँ।

We praise Agni .We praise Him Who has been present even before this creation. He is the Glorious Lord of this Cosmic Yagna and is worthy of our worship in all seasons. We praise Him Who is the Creator and Supreme Sustainer of all the jewel-like planets that decorate the cosmic Drama.  
 [Agni: God possessed of Light. Cosmic Yagna: The universe is comparable to an eternal Yagna, in which God is the Principal

Priest. In all seasons: at all times. The Cosmic Drama: The Universe presents itself as a drama in which the sun, moon, planets, etc. are principal actors. Cosmic yagna:the first yagna which started the creation process ( सृष्टि उत्पत्ति ) and Agni, the symbol for all energies, is the witness to that yagna]

२। स नः पितेव सूनवे अमे सूपायनो भव। सच्चत्वा नः स्वस्तये ॥-

ऋ० ११६

2. **Sa nah piteva soonave agne soopaa-yano bhava.**  
**Sachas-waa nah swastaye.**

से (अग्ने) ज्ञानस्वरूप परमेश्वर! (सः) आप (सूरज) अपने पुत्र के लिए (पिता इव) जैसे पिता उत्तम ज्ञान देनेवाला होता है, वैसे ही आप (नः) सब लोगों, उपासकों, भक्तों के लिए (सुपातनः) सब सुखों के साथक और उत्तम-उत्तम पदार्थों को प्राप्त करनेवाले, शोभन ज्ञान को देनेवाले (भव) हूँजिए। और (नः) सब लोगों को (स्वस्तये) इहलौकिक और पारलौकिक सुख के हाथ (सच्चत्व) संयुक्त किजिए।

Come to us, sweetly and readily, O Agni as a father comes unto his son. Unite us, Lord, with Yourself and with the bounties of this world for swasti. Swasti: noble living, fortune and prosperity.]

3. **स्वस्ति नो मिमितामश्विना भगः स्वस्ति देव्यादितिर् अनवणः ।**

**स्वस्ति पूषा असुरो दधातु नः:**

**स्वस्ति ऋषावापृथिवी सुचेतुना ॥ ३ ॥** ऋ० २ २१ ११

3. **Swasti no mimeetaam-ashwinaa bhagah swasti devyadiitir anar-vanah. Swasti pooshaa asuro dadhaatu nah swasti dyaaawaa prithivee suche-tunaa**  
(अश्वना) अध्यापक और उपदेशक, खी एवं पुरुष, दिन तथा रात्री सुर्य और चन्द्र तथा प्रण और अङ्गान (नः) हमारे लिए (स्वस्तये) कल्याण के लिए (आदित्यासः) वेद-वेदाङ्गों में निष्ठात अड़तालीस वर्ष के अखण्ड ब्रह्मचारी (मवन्तु) उत्पन्न हैं।

परमात्मा (स्वस्ति) हमारा कल्याण करे। (देवी) सब विद्याओं का प्रकाश करनेवाली (आदित्यः) अखण्ड वेदविद्या (अनवणः) धूम के मार्ग पर चलनेवाले, सदाचारी पूर्णे का कल्याण करे। (पूषा) पृष्ठि करनेवाले दुर्घ आदि पदार्थ और (असुरः) जीवनदाता मेघ (नः): समारा (स्वस्ति) कल्याण (दधातु) करे। (ज्यावा-पृथिवी) सूर्य और पृथिवी, पिता और माता-दोनों (सुचेतुना) उत्तम प्रकाश छेतना और ज्ञान से (स्वस्ति) हमारा कल्याण करें।

May all dual forces measure swasti for us. May our fortune and wealth bring us swasti. May the Earth, goddess and unhurting as she is, yield swasti for us. May the clouds that provide us life through rain-fall sustain swasti for us, and may the sun and all the planets, filled with knowledge, confer swasti unto us. [Dual forces:mother and father, teacher and student, heaven and earth, wisdom and devotion, night and day, etc.]

4. **स्वस्तये वायु-मुप ब्रवामहे सोमं स्वस्ति भुवनस्य यस्मतिः ।**

**बृहस्पतिं सर्वगणं स्वस्तये स्वस्तये आदित्यासो भवन्तु नः ॥ ४ ॥**

4. **Swastaye vaayu-mupa bravaa-mahai somam swasti bhuwa-nasya yas pathi. Brihaspatim sarvaganam swastaye swastaya aadit-yaaso bhawantu nah.**

हम लोग (स्वस्तये) सुख, शान्ति और आनन्द की प्राप्ति के लिए (वायुम) बल के भाड़र और (सोमम्) शान्ति के साथ परमात्मा को (उप ब्रवामहे) पुकारते हैं, उसकि महीना का ज्ञान करते हैं, उसकी उपासना करते हैं (यः) जो (भुवनस्य) विश्वब्रह्मण्ड का (पतिः) पालक और रक्षक है, वह हमारा (स्वस्ति) कल्याण करे। (सर्वगणम्) गण=समुदय=शिष्य-प्रशिष्यसहित (बृहस्पतिम्) वेदविद्या के रक्षक आचार्य का हम (स्वस्तये) अपने कल्याण के लिए आव्वन करते हैं। प्रमो! (नः) हमारे (स्वस्तये) कल्याण के लिए (आदित्यासः) वेद-वेदाङ्गों में निष्ठात अड़तालीस वर्ष के अखण्ड ब्रह्मचारी (मवन्तु) उत्पन्न हैं।

Let us, in our search for an elevated existence, explore the qualities of air, and even of the moon that influences operations on earth. We call upon the Teacher of wisdom, surrounded by his eager students, to teach us for swasti, and may those men who are benefactors of all mankind help in achieving this elevated existence.

## 5. विश्वे\_देवा नौं अथ्या स्वस्तये वैश्वानरो वसुरुप्तिः स्वस्तये । देवा अवन्त्वू भवः स्वस्तये स्वस्ति नौं रुदः: पात्वंहसः ॥५॥

**5. Vishwe devaa no adyaa swastaye vaish-waa-naro vasutagnih swastaye. Devaa avantu ribhawah swastaye swasti no rudraah paat-wang-hasah.**

(विश्वे देवाः) समस्तदिव्य पदर्थं, विद्वन् और इन्द्रियण (अथ) आप, वर्तमान समय में (नौं) हमारे लिए (स्वस्तये) कल्याणकारक हैं। (वैश्वानरः) सब चारचर में प्रकाशमान और (वसुः) सर्वत्र वसन्तेवला (आग्निः) ज्ञानस्वरूप परमात्मा (स्वस्तये) हमारे लिए कल्याण करें (ऋग्वदः) शास्त्रों के रक्षक, मेधावी, इ-ज्ञोति से देवीष्यमान (देवाः) विद्वन् जन (स्वस्तये) समारे सु-आस्तित्व के लिए (अवन्तु) हमारी रक्ष करें। (रुदः:) दुष्टों को रुलानेवाला दण्डदाता (नौं) हमें (अंहसः) पाप से (पातु) बचाये जिससे हमारा (स्वस्ति) अमृद्य और निःश्रेयस् सिद्ध हो।

Let all wise men instruct us today for swasti. Let fire, present everywhere, and benefiting all creatures be for our facility and comfort. Let all forces that bring light to the world, protect us while we acquires this comfort, and let the system of social justice protect us from wrong-doing, yielding swasti for us. [Fire: it brings heat to mankind, causes food to be cooked. Forces that bring light: sun, moon, stars, scholars]

## 6. स्वस्ति मित्रावरुणा स्वस्ति पश्ये रेवति । स्वस्ति न इन्द्रश्चाग्निश्च स्वस्ति नौं ओदिते कृधि ॥६॥

## 6. Swasti mitraa varunaa swasti pathye revati Swasti na indrash chaag-nish cha swasti no adite kridhi.

(मित्रावरुणा) प्राण और उदानवायु हमारे लिए (स्वस्ति) कल्याण - कारक हैं (पश्ये) वैदिक पश्य, वैदिक कर्मकाण्ड में उपयोगी (रेवति ) गौरै हमारे लिए (स्वस्ति) कल्याण प्रदान करतेवाली हैं (नौं) हमारे लिए (वायुः) वायु (च) और (आग्निः) विद्युत् (स्वस्ति) कल्याणकारक हैं (च) और (ओदिते) है अविनाशी, सदा एकरस विद्यमान प्रभो! (नौं) हमारा

(स्वस्ति) कल्याण (कृधि) कीजिए।

Mother Earth! May you cause us to walk on the path of individual enrichment while we make use of hydrogen and oxygen, and electricity and fire.

## 7. स्वस्ति पञ्चामनुं चेम सूर्या चन्द्रमसाविवा । पुनर्दद्वाख्नता जानता संगमे महि ॥७॥ - ऋू० २२१ । १२

## 7. Swasti panthaam anucharema sooryaa chandra-masaa viva. Punar dada-taagh-nataaa jaana-taa sang-a-memahi - Rig Veda 2:21:12

हम लोग (सुर्याचन्द्रमसौ इच) सुर्य और चन्द्रमा की भूति (स्वस्ति पञ्चाम) धर्म, अर्थ, काम (ऋग्वदः) शास्त्रों के साधक, मेधावी, इ-ज्ञोति से देवीष्यमान (देवाः) विद्वन् जन (स्वस्तये) अपने कल्याणार्थ (ददता) दानवील (अभ्यत) अहिंसक तथा (जानता) ज्ञानी, विद्वन् पूर्णों के साथ (सं गमेमहि) समर्पणति करें।

Let us all follow the path of swasti like the sun and moon. Let us be in the company of those who give of what they have, who never hurt the feelings of others, except when it is for one's own good, and who know much of God and His Wisdom.

[Sun and Moon : they function with regularity and precision, and in total harmony with each other. Give : refers to the Vaishyas, the owners of wealth in society. Never hurt : refers to the Kshatriyas, the protectors in society. They never hurt, they protect. Know: refers to the Brahmanas, the teachers, They know.]

**Note:** After these seven mantras, you can proceed to the last four mantras (# 28 - # 31) of svasti vaachanam or straight to Shaanti Karana.  
To continue with the Swasti Vaachana, continue chanting.

8. ये देवानां यजित्या यजित्यानां मनोर्यजन्त्रा अमृता क्रहतङ्गाः । ते नो रासन्तरामुरुगायमव्यय युद्धं पात स्वरित्पिः सदा नः ॥८॥

8. Ye devaanaam yaj-yi-yaa yaj-yi-yaanaam manor yajatraa amrita ritaj-yaah. Te no raa-santaam rugaayam adya yooyam paata swasti-bhih sadaa nah.

(ये) जो (देवानाम्) विद्वानों में विद्वन् और (यजित्यानाम्) पूज्यों में (यजित्या) पूज्य हैं जो (मनोः) मनस्तशील लोगों के भी (यजत्राः) आदरणीय हैं, मनस्तशील, बड़े-बड़े विद्वन् भी जिनरी सप्तति में बैठते हैं जो (अमताः) जीवन्मनुक और (क्रहतङ्गाः) सत्य को जाननेवाले हैं (ते) वे विद्वन् लोग (अच्य) आज, इस वर्तमन जीवन में ही (नः) हम लोगों के लिए (उर्गायम्) अति प्रशंसनिय ज्ञान, विद्याबोध को (रासन्तराम्) प्रदान कैं। देवो! (युग्म) दुम सब (स्वरित्पिः) अपने कल्याणकारी उपायादि के दान और उपदेशों द्वरा (सदा) सदा (नः) हमारी (पात) रक्षा करो।

Those who are the holiest among the holy and knowledgeable scholars, who are worthy of reverence in the company of thoughtful minds, they who become immortal from having realized Truth, may they come in this life-time to grant us the knowledge sought by many, and protect us with powers of swasti.

9. ये<sup>३</sup> माता मधुमतित्वते पयः<sup>१</sup> पीयुषं घ्यौरदितिरदिवर्हाः । उक्थशुष्मान्तुष्मरान्त्वप्रसरताँ आदित्याँ अनु मदा स्वस्त्रये ॥९॥

9. Yebhyo maata madhumat pinwate payah peeyoosham dyaur aditir adri-barhaa.  
Uktah shusmaan vrisha bharaant swapna-sas taan aa-dityaan anu madaa swastaye.

(ये<sup>३</sup>) जिन सदाचारी विवानों के लिए (माता) सबका निर्माण और पालन-पोषण करतेवाली भूमि माता (मधुमत) माधुर्यगुणशुक्र (पयः) अन्न और रस आदि को (पिन्के) प्रदन करती है तथा (आदित्याः) मेंघों से आच्छादित (आदितिः) अन्तरिक्ष तथा (च्योः) छलोक (प्रीयीषम्) अमृत- तुल्य बृहिजल को बरसाता है (तान्) उन (उक्थशुष्मान्) विद्या के बल से प्रसिद्ध (वृष्मरान्) आकाश से वर्ष को खीचनेवाले, वृष्यत्वा कराने में निपुण (स्वस्त्रः) कर्मकाण्ड में प्रवीण, अत्यन्त महत्ववाक्यकी (आदित्यान्) विद्युमी माता के पुत्रों के (स्वस्त्रये) कल्याण के लिए (अनु मद) करो,

उनका स्वागत-सम्कर और उनसे प्रश्ना करो।  
They for whom Mother Earth yields nutritious grains and sweet juices, and for whom the limitless sky above, filled with clouds, showers down rain that is likened to honeyed nectar, the who derive their strength from chanting the Holy Vedic verses, who cause rains of cool - ness to extinguish the fire of lust, anger and greed, and who perform the noblest of actions - to these noble sons of Mother Earth do I pay homage and offer praise for Swasti.  
[Noble sons : they always take delight in the universe and its bounties. Rainfall : rain-water is naturally sweet; it cools the earth, and makes it fertile; in its absence, humanity perishes.]

10. नृचक्षसो अनिमिषन्तो अहृणा बृहदेवासो अमृतत्वमानशुः । ज्योतिरथा आहिमाया अनांगसो दिवो वर्ष-माण वसते स्वस्त्रये ॥१०॥

10. Nri-chakshaso ani-mishanto arhannaan bihad devaaso  
amri-tatwam aa-nashuh.  
Jyotee rathaa ahi-maayaa anaa-gaso divo varsh-maanam  
vasate swastayee.

जो (तृचक्षसः) मनुष्यमात्र पर दृष्टि रखनेवाले (अतिमिष्टसः) सदा साक्षात् सर्वदा  
जागरूक, आलस्यहित (अर्हणाः) पुजा के योग्य (देदासः) विक्रान्त लोग (बहुत) महान्  
(अमृतत्वम्) अमरता को (आनन्दः) प्रस्तुत करते हैं, मरकर भी अमर हो जाते हैं,  
(ज्योतिरथाः) प्रकाशमय पथ में जग्मन करनेवाले (अहिमायाः) अहिंसित बुधवाले, व्यापक  
दृष्टिकोणवाले (अनाग्रासः) निष्पाप और (दिवः वर्षणम्) ज्ञान के सर्वोच्च स्थान पर (वस्त्रे)  
पहुँचे हुए होते वे (स्वस्त्रये) कल्पण के लिए हमारेयह में आए।

Scholars who watch over to protect erring mankind, who are incessantly awake to our needs, who are worthy of our reverence, attain immortal (extremely long) life. Riding chariots of light, possessing unrestrained intelligence, and sinless, they live in the exalted regions of heavenly bliss to point the way to swasti.  
[Erring mankind : human beings blunder step after step because of limitations in knowledge.  
Riding chariots of light: living in illumined personalities. Exalted regions : exalted states of consciousness]

11. सम्राजो\_ये सुवृद्धो\_यज्ञमायथुर परिहता दधिरे द्विवि क्षयम्। ताँ आ  
विवास\_नमसा सुवृक्षिभिर्महो  
आदित्यां आदितिं स्वस्त्रये ॥ ११ ॥

11. Sam-raajo ye su-vridho yajyam aa-yayur a-parih-vrittaa  
dadhire divi kshyam.  
Taan aa-vi-yaasa namasaa su-vrikhti-bhir maho aadityaan  
aditim swastayee.

Royal Sages, advance in knowledge, have come to our yagna.  
Unsubdued have they taken their place of honor around the

havan kund , the yagna altar. Unto these magnified sons of Mother Earth, and unto the Mother Herself, with words of salutation and praise, do I offer my service for swasti.

12. को वः स्तोमं राधति यं जुजोष्य विश्वे देवासो मनुषो यतिष्ठन ।

को वोऽध्वरं तुविजाता अर्ह

करृद्यो नः पर्षदत्यंहः स्वस्त्रये ॥ १२ ॥

12. Ko wah stomam raadhati yam ju-joshatha vishwe  
devaaso manusho yatisht thana. Ko wo 'dhwaram tuvi-jaataaa  
aram karad yo nah parshad atyam-hah swastayee.

O Thoughtful Sages! I address this question to all of you present around this havan kund, the sacred altar; "Who has composed for you the sacred verses that you so love to chant? O Sages, pre-eminent in knowledge, who among you will perform the ennobling sacrament that will lead us across evil unto the realm of Swasti?"

[I: the seeker after Truth, aspiring for Liberation. Sacred verses: The mantras of the Veda. The Supreme Soul composed the mantras and revealed them in the hearts of the Sages In the beginning of human creation. These mantras teach us wisdom for successful living.]

13. येऽन्यो\_होत्रां प्रथमामायेजे मनुः समिद्दायिर्मनसा सप्त होतुभिः । त  
आदित्या अभेयं शम्य यच्छत सुणा नः कर्त्त सुपथो स्वस्त्रये ॥ १३ ॥

13. Yebhyo hotraam pratha-maama-yje manuh samid-dhaagnir manasaa sapta hotri-bhiih Ta aadityaa abhayam  
sharma yach chhata sugaa nah kartaa supathaas swastayee.

They, from whom the thoughtful student, himself a Yajmaan, the performer of yagna, received immortal wisdom by kindling the supreme Agni of student-discipline with the aid of his seven senses, may these Teachers, magnified sons of the Earth as they are, grant unto us the asylum of fearless ness, and may

they make paths in life easy for us to pass through, leading to the domain of swasti.

[Discipline: a Vedic Student observes discipline in body and mind, and uses his senses to keep alive the fire of such discipline. Seven senses: seeing, hearing, tasting, touching, smelling, thinking, and deciding.]

#### 14. य ईशि॒र् भुवनस्य प्रचेतसो विश्वस्य स्थातुर्जगतश्च मन्तवः । ते

**नः कृतादकृतादेनस्पर्यद्या देवासः पिपूता स्वस्तर्ये ॥ १४ ॥**

**14. Ya eeshire bhuwa-nasya prachetaso vishwasya sthaatatur jagatasch cha mantawah. Te nah kritaad akritaadena-sas par-**

**yadyaa dewaasah pi-pritaah swastaye.**

The Royal Sages, in their deep knowledge and meditation, control whatever happens in the entire conscious and unconscious creation. May they lead us today across bodily and mental transgressions unto the haven of swasti.

[Control: they know the nature of matter, and understand the way the world functions. They act wisely.]

#### 15. भे॒ष्विन्द्रं सू॒हवं हवामहेऽहोमुच्चं सुकृतं दैव्यं जन्मस् । अग्निं मित्रं वरुणं सातये भग्नं ध्यावोपूर्षिवि मरुतः॑ स्वस्तर्ये ॥ १५ ॥

**15. Bharesh-windram suhawam hawa-a-mahem homucham sukritam daiyyam janam. Agnim mitram varunam saataye bhagam dyaaawa prihivee marutah swastaye.**

In our struggles in life, we call upon Lord Indra. That Divine Personality responds readily to our call for help, releases us from pain, and points out the path to goodness. For prosperity and swasti, we call upon the Knowledgeable One, Who, as a Choiceworthy Friend, brings fortune. We also call upon all forces that are present on earth, in sky and in heaven.

[Lord Indra: God.]

#### 16. सुत्रामाणं पृथिवीं चामनेहसं सुखमाणमदितिं सुप्रणीतिम् । दैर्वीं

**नार्वं स्वरित्रामनागसमस्त्रवन्तीमा रुहेमा स्वस्तर्ये ॥ १६ ॥**

#### 16. सुत्रामाणमनिगसमस्त्रवन्तीमा रुहेमा स्वस्तर्ये ।

**16. Sutraa-maanam prithiveem dyaam anehasam sushar-maanam aditiim su-praneetim. Daiveem naavam swari-taam anaagasam asra-wanteem aaru-hemaā swastaye.**

Having built-in protection for its Passenger, spacious, and glowing with light of consciousness, beyond comparison, providing security and comfort, and indestructible, offering safe guidance, having good oars, sinless, and unleaking-upon such a divine boat do we seek to embark, to be led to the shore of swasti.

[Pasenger: the jeevaatmaa, the soul in bondage, traveling to the destination of Liberation. Divine boat: the human body, having bodily and mental health.]

#### 17. विश्वे॒ यजन्त्रा॒ अधि॒ वोच्वतोत्तर्ये॒ त्रायच्चं॒ नो॒ दुरेवोच्या॒ अभिष्ठुतः॑ । सत्यपा॒ वो॒ देवहृष्ट्या॒ हुवेम्॒ श्रुपूतो॒ देवा॒ अवसे॒ स्वस्तर्ये॒ ॥ १७ ॥

#### 17. Vishwe yajatraa adhi vocha-totaye traaya-dhwam no dure-waayaa abhi-hrutaH. Satyayaa wo deva-hootyaa huveema shrinwato devaa avase swastaye.

All ye ceremonial ones! instruct us with your authority for our protection, and save us from violence caused by froces of evil. For our protection, O Devas, we callupon you, who listen, with truthful divine calling.

[Ceremonial ones: people proficient in performing the rituals.]

#### 18. अपामीवामप् विश्वामनोहुतिम् - अपराति॑ द्विविद्वामघायतः॑ । औरे॑ देवा॒ देषो अस्मद्युधोतनोरु-णः॑ शाम॑ यच्छता॒ स्वस्तर्ये॑ ॥ १८ ॥ -ऋॄ०

१० | ६३ | १२

**18. Apaa-mee-waa-mapaa vishwaa-manaa-hutum appaa-raatimdur-vidatraam aghaayatah. Aare devaa dwesho asmad yuyotano - ru nah sharma yach-chhataa swastaye.**  
 Away with disease; away with everything short of sanctity and charity; away with the ungraciousness and ignorance of the sinner. May the divine powers send far away from us all that is hateful, and grant unto us the great asylum of peace that may yield swasti for us  
 [Divnie powers: righteous people.]

**19. अरिष्टः स मर्तो विश्वं एवते प्र प्रजामिर्जायते धर्मणस्मरि।  
 यमादित्यासो नयेथा सुनीतिभिरति विश्वोनि द्विरिता स्वस्तये॥१९॥**

ऋ० १० | ६३ | १३

**19. Arishtah sa marto vishwa edhate pra pra-jaabhir jaayate dharmanas pari.**  
**Yam aadityaaso nayathaa suneeeti - bhir atti vishwaani duritaa swastaye.**

In this world, that man who is surrounded by dharma remains unhurt. He prospers, and becomes famous through his offspring. Him the aadityas lead with good guidance and wisdom, for the sake of swasti, across all courses of evil and adversity.  
 [Dharma, natural law and duty. Adityas : sons of the earth, great men who bring benefit to all mankind.]

**20. यं देवासोऽवश्यं वाजसतौ यं शरसता मरुतो हिते धने।**

**प्रातर्यवाणं रथमिन्द्रं सानसिमरिष्वन्त्मा रुहेमा स्वस्तये ॥२०॥  
 20. Yam dewaaaso 'watha vaaja-saatau yam shoora-saataa  
 maruto hite dhane.  
 Praatar yaavaanam ratham-indra saana-sim arishyantaam  
 aa-ruhemaa swastaye.**

This body of ours is like a chariot that brings victory for the soul traveling through life. The soul,seated in this chariot, begins its daily battle-journey at dawn, each morning. O divine

powers in mortal frame! May we mount that secure, unbroken chariot which you protect in the battle of life, in the test for courage, and in wholesome prosperity.  
 [Divine powers: the vital airs, the mind, the intellect, the heart, brain, and nervous system all help the body to function coordinatedly.]

**21. स्वस्ति नः पश्यामु धन्क्वसु स्वस्त्यम्पु वृजने स्वर्वति। स्वस्ति नः**

**पुत्रकृथेषु योनिषु स्वस्ति राये मरुतो दध्यातन ॥२१॥**

**21. Swasti nah pathyaasu dhanwasu swasti apsu vrijane swar-wati. Swasti nah putra-krithe-shu yonishu swasti raaye maruto dadhaattana.**

Swasti be in our in habitated lands, and in our desert lands, in our oceans, in the sky and in heaven. O divine ones who encourage us never to cry! Let swasti be in our childbearing wombs; let swasti bring us the wealth of liberation.  
 [Divine ones: scholars are called maruts because, in teaching us the difference between the perishable and imperishable, we do not (ma) cry (rud)]

**22. स्वस्तिरिष्टद् प्रपथे श्रेष्ठा रेकरस्त्यभि या वाममेति। सा नो अमा सो अरणे नि पातु स्वादेशा भवतु देवगोपा ॥२२॥**

**22. Swasti-riddhii pra-pathe shresh-thaa rekñas-wasti abhi yaa waamam-eti. Saa no amaa so arane ni paatu swaa-we-shaa bhavatu deva-gopaa.**

May swasti alone be on our chose path. That swasti which is the best and possessed of riches, and makes us inclined to appreciate what is beautiful. May She ever protect us, whether we are in familiar or unknown places. Coming easily to us and bringing beautiful sentiments, may She guard over our speech and senses.

[Swasti: noble living, filled with grace.]

**23.** इै त्वोंजे त्वा वायव स्थ दे वो वः सविता प्राप्तु श्रेष्ठतमाय कर्मणऽआप्यायव्यवमङ्गा इन्द्राय भागं प्रजावेतीरनमीवाऽअयक्षमा मा वै स्तेनउद्दीशत माध्यै सो ध्वाऽअस्मिन् गोपतौ स्थात बहु-

वीर्यज्ञमानस्य पश्चन् पाहि ॥ 23 ॥

**23.** Isne tworje twaa, vaayava stha Devo wah savitaa praar-  
payatu. Shresh-tha-tamaaya karmaṇa. Aapyaā-yadhawam  
aghnyaa indraaya bhaagam. Prajaa-wateer anameewaa  
ayakshmaa Maa wa stena eeshata, maagha-shanso Dhruvaa  
asmin go-patuu syaata bah-weer yaja-maanasya pashoon  
paahi -Yajur Veda 21:12

O me and women! You are wind-like souls. May the divine  
Impeller motivate you to obtain everything necessary for physical  
and mental energy, so you can perform the noblest deeds in life.  
May nothing hinder you in this process. Contribute and increase  
your share to your leader at home and in society. Be possessed  
of good offspring in large numbers, and be free from diseases  
and viruses. Never allow a thief to govern you, nor one who  
revels in sin. Remain firm in the protection of your Ruler, for he is  
the coordinator of the entire system in which you operate. And  
protect animals, for they see, but cannot discriminate.  
[Wind-like: souls are dynamic like wind. Ruler: may refer to God,  
as Ruler of the universe; or to the ruler of the country, or of a  
society, or of the family.]

**24.** आ नो भद्रा: क्रतेवो यन्तु विश्वतोः

दक्षासोऽअपरीतासऽउक्षिदः । देवा नो यथा सद्मिद्युद्युऽसन्मायुवा  
रक्षितारो दिवेदिवे ॥ 24 ॥ - यजु० २५ ॥ १४

**24.** Aa no bhadraah kratawo yantu vishwato 'dab-dhaaso  
apa-ree-taasa und-bhi-dah. Dewaa no yathaa sada-mid  
vridhe asann aprraa-yovo rakshi-taaro dive dive.

May noble thoughts come to us from every side - pure, free and bursting forth readily, so that the divine powers may always help us to grow, diligently protecting us day after day.  
[Divine powers: sublimated thoughts and feelings, free from anxiety and stress.]

**25.** देवानां भद्रा सुमतिक्रिज्यतां देवानां रातिरभि नो निवर्तताम्।  
देवानां सर्व्यमुपसेदिमा वयं देवा नेऽआयुः प्रतिरन्तु जीवसे ॥ २५ ॥

**25.** Devaanaam bhadraa sumatri rijo-yataam devaanaam  
raati-brabhi no niwar-tataam. Devaanaam sakhyaam-upa-  
sedimaa vayam devaa na aayuh prati-rantu jeevase.  
May the benevolent wisdom of honest scholars, and their  
generosity, be directed unto us. May we sit in the company of  
those scholars in friendship. May these holy men help prolong  
our life-span for us to live happily.

**26.** तमिशानं जगत् स्तथु षस्मति धियज्ञिन्वमवसे हुमहे वयम्। पूषा  
नो यथा वेदसामसद्दृष्टे रक्षिता पायुर दद्यः स्वस्तर्ये ॥ २६ ॥ यजु०  
२२ ॥ १८

**26.** Tamee- shaanam jagatas-tas-thu-shas patim dhiyan  
jinwam awase hoomahe vayam. Poosha no yathaa  
vedasaam asad vridhe Rakshita a paayur adab-dhah  
swastaye.

For protection, we call upon Him, the Ruler and Master of all that stands and moves, and the Motivator of our intelligence. May He, the Nourisher, increase our wealth for swasti, and be our unsubdued Protector and Saviour.

27. स्वस्ति न् इन्द्रो वृद्धश्चाः स्वस्ति नः पूषा विश्वेदाः। स्वस्ति

नस्ताक्ष्योऽआरुषेभिः स्वस्ति नो बृहस्पतिर्दधातु॥ २७॥ - यजु०

२२ । १६

27. Swasti na indro vridha shravaah swasti nah pooshaa vishwa vedaa. Swasti nas taark-shyo aristha-nemih swasti no brihas-patir dadhaatu

May the Kshatriya, who protects from anti-social elements, and who enjoys extensive fame, ensure our safety. May the Vaishya who, as owner of abundant wealth supports the economic system, bring us prosperity. May the Shudra, swift in performing his duties, with unimpeded speed, provide comfort. And may the Brahmana, filled with religious and secular learning, motivate us for intellectual growth.  
[Kshatriya: and the three others - Vaishya, Shudraa and Brahmana - make up the four classes of men living in society.]

28. भर्दं कणोभिः शृण्याम देवा भर्दं पश्येमा क्षमिर यजत्रा:। स्थिरे  
रक्षे स्तुषुवावां सर्स्तनूभिः व्यशेमाहि देवाहितम् यदायुः॥ २८॥ यजु०

पू० २२ । २१

28. Bhadram karne-bhiih shrinu-yaama devaa bhadram pash-ye-maak-shabhir yajatraah. Sthirai-rangais tushtu-waam-sas tanoobhir vyashe-mahi devahitam yad aayuh.

May we, while becoming wise hear with our ears that which is noble. Becoming sanctified, may we see with our eyes that which is auspicious. Singing God's praises with strong limbs and healthy bodies, let us enjoy the life-span determined by good deeds.

29. अग्न आ याहि वीतये गृणानो हृष्टदातये। नि होता सत्सि

बाहीषि॥ २९॥ साम० ११ । १

29. Agna aa yaahi veeetaye gri-naano havya daataye. Ni hotaa satsi barhishi. - Sama Veda 1:1:1

Come, O radiant One, to set me apart from the powers of darkness. I sing your glory at this critical moment in my life, and beg for the gift of discriminating knowledge. Be seated in the temple of my heart.

30. त्वम् यज्ञानां होताविश्वेषं हितः। देवेभिमानुषे जने॥ ३०॥ -

साम० पू० ११ । १२

30. Twam agne yajyaa-naam hotaa vish-we-shaam hitah. Devebhira maanushe jane.

You, O Radiant Being, are the one sought out in all acts of yagna (an act of self-dedication). This is acknowledged to be true by enlightened men in human society.  
[Acts of self-dedication ( offerings in yagna, oblations, Aahutis ): Worshipping, harmonizing, and sharing]

ये त्रिष्वाः परियन्ति विश्वा रू पाणि बिन्नतः। वाच्स्पतिर्बला तेषाँ

तन्वे अथ दधातु मे॥ ३१॥ अथर्व० ११ । १

31. Ye tri-shaptaah pari-yanti vishwaa roopaani bi-bhra-tah. Vaachas-patir balaa teshaaam tanwo adya dadhaatu me. -

Atharva Veda 1:1:1

The three numbers and seven cases are foundations in the Science of Grammar, and these surround and sustain all word-forms, causing differences in meanings. May the Teacher of wisdom, today, make me knowledgeable in their use so that I can understand and explain the deepest imports of words of wisdom.

[Three numbers : singular, dual and plural. Seven cases : nominative, accusative, instrumental, dative, ablative, genitive,

and locative. Grammar: the science that studies the formal features of language and how words are used in sentences.]

### Iti Swasti Vaachanam

Here comes to an end the Swasti Vaachana Chant.

( 5 )

### शान्तिकरण

### Śāntikarāṇa

### ( For Peace & Harmony )

#### Mantras of Rig and Yajur Veda

Here we begin the Shaanti Karana the prayers to God and the Cosmic Forces for peace in our personality. Without Shaanti, there can be no Swasti. Without peace there can be no nobility in life. And, this Shaanti is the actual cooling down of the five fires of lust, anger, greed, infatuation and vanity that perpetually burn and destroy our divine energy.

ॐ ने इन्द्राशी भवतामवोभिः शं न इन्द्रावरुणा रातहृत्या।

शमिन्द्रासोमा सविताय शं योः शं न इन्द्रपूष्णा वाजस्तोः ॥ १४० ॥

१४० ॥

1. Shanna indraagni bhawa-taam avobhih shanna indraa varunaa raata-havyaa. Shamindraa somaa sa-vi-taaya shamyoḥ  
shanna indraa poosha-naa vaaja-saatau

May the Supreme One, possessed of Radiant Light, give us peace with His protective powers. May the Supreme One, possessed of Choiceworthiness, bountiful in gifts, bring us peace. May the Supreme One and His Devotion create tranquility in us. And, may the Supreme One and His Nourishment grant us harmony in the battle of life.  
[Supreme One: God]

शं नो भगः शमु नः शंसो अस्तु शं नः पूरन्धिः शमु सन्तु रायः ।  
शं नः सत्यस्य सुय मस्य शंसः शं नो अर्यमा पुरुजातो अस्तु ॥ २ ॥

ऋ० ७।३५।२

2. Shanno bhagah shamu nah shanso astu shannah puran-dhiih  
shamu santu raayah. Shannah satyasya su-yamasya shansah  
shanno aryamaa puru-jaato astu.  
May our fortune yield us peace; may the observance of  
law and order in society bring us peace. May economic  
prosperity that sustains citizenship confer peace. May  
our practice of truth and self-discipline generate peace,  
and may the soul, who performs actions and is born again  
and again, progress in peace.

शं नो धाता शमु धर्ता नो अस्तु शं ने उरुची भवतु स्वयामिः ।  
शंरोदसी बृहती शं नो आदि: शं नो देवान् सुहवानि सन्तु ॥ ३ ॥ ऋ०

ऋ० ७।३५।३

3. Shanno dhaataa shamu dhartaa no astu  
shanno u-roo-chee bhawatu swa-dhaabhih.  
Sham rodasee birhatee shanno adrih  
shanno dewaanaam suha-waani santu.  
May air and sunlight be peacefully supportive of life.  
May the spacious earth, with its life-sustaining grains,  
produce peace in us. May the extensive sky, containing  
mountain-shaped masses of clouds, rain down peace, and may  
our invocations of Nature's bounties be chanted in peace.

शं नो अग्निर्यो तिरनीको अस्तु शं नो मित्रावरुणावश्चिना इम् ।  
शं नः सुकृताँ सुकृतानि सन्तु शं ने इषिरो अभि वातु वाता: ॥ ४ ॥

ऋ० ७।३५।४

4. Shanno agnir jyotir aneeko astu shamno mitraa varunaa vash-  
vinaa sham. Shannah sukritaam sukri-taani santu shanna ishiro  
abhi-vaatuh.  
May fire, whose force is light, bring us peace. May  
hydrogen and oxygen,, and all other dual forces, generate  
peace. May the actions of righteous people create an atmosphere  
of peace, and may the refreshing winds blow peace on us.

शं नो ध्यावोपृथिवि पूर्वं हृतो शमन्तरिक्षं दृशये नो अम्तु।  
शं न ओषधीर्विनिमो भवन्तु शं नो रजस्मप्तिरस्तु जिष्णुः ॥ ५ ॥ -ऋ०

ऋ० ७।३५।५

5. Shanno dyavaa prithivee poorva-hootau sham anta-riksham  
dirshayeh no astu. Shanna osha-dheer vanino bhawantu  
shanno rajas as patir-astu jishnuh.  
May light and darkness inspire peace at the time of dawn  
when we make our first invocations, and may the sky be  
there for us to look at, to expand our vision. May medicinal  
herbs and forest trees contribute to health and a peaceful  
surrounding. And may the sun that victoriously rules over the  
planetary system be for our peace.

शं न इन्द्रो वसुभिर्देवो अस्तु शमादित्येभिरलङ्गः सुरंसः।  
 शं नौ रुद्र रुद्रेभिरजलाषः शं नस्त्वष्ट शाभिरिह शृणोतु ॥६॥ ऋ॒  
 ७।३५।६

6. Shanna indro vasu-bhir devo astu sham aaditye-bhir varunah  
 su-shansah Shanno rudro rudre-bhir jalaashah  
 shannas twash-taag-naa-bhi-riha shri-notu  
 May electricity, the cosmic force acting in conjunction  
 with the eight Vasus that keep the universe inhabited,  
 send forth peace to us. May the twelve months that make  
 up the year give us peace. May the soul that is made  
 comfortable in the body by the presence of the vital airs  
 traverse the pathways of the world in peace. And, may the  
 discriminating scholar, with his words of inspiration,  
 motivate us to listen for peace.  
 [Vasu: there are eight Vasus – earth, water, fire,  
 air, space, moon, sun, and stars.  
 They are basic to the functioning universe.]

शं नः सोमो भवतु ब्रह्म शं नः शंनो ग्रावाणः शमु सन्तु यज्ञाः ।  
 शं नः स्वरूपाणि मित्रयो भवत्तु शं नः प्रस्वहः शमवरत्तु वेदिः ॥७॥ -  
 ऋ॒० ७।३५।७

7. Shanna somo bhavatu brahma shanna shanno graa-vaa-nah  
 shamu santu yaj-yaah. Shanna swaroo-naam mitayo bhawantu  
 shanna praswah praswah sham vastu vedih.

May the devotion and prayer that we generate in our  
 ceremonies bring us supreme peace. May the ceremonies  
 themselves, and everything associated with them – the  
 ceremonial altars, the stones used to build them, the  
 measurements of the pillars in the ceremonial halls, and  
 the well-grown herbs offered onto the blazing ceremonial  
 fires – all yield peace unto us.

**Note:** After these mantras, if you want you can go to the  
 Shivasankalpa mantras or if you want you can  
 go to the Havan Mantras or you can continue with Shanti  
 Karanam.

शं नः सूर्यै उरुचक्षा उदैतु शं नश्वतेस्वः प्रदिशो भवन्तु।  
 शंनः पर्वता ध्रुवयो भवन्तु शं नः सिन्ध्यवः शमु सन्त्वापः ॥८॥ - ऋ॒  
 ७।३५।८

8. Shanna soorya uru-chakshaa udetu shannahs chatas-rah  
 pradisho bhawantu. Shanna parvataa dhruvayao bhawantu  
 shannah sindhawah shamu santu-aapah.  
 May the sun, the Eye that sees far and wide, rise in  
 peace. And may each of the four cardinal directions point  
 the way to peace. May the mountains impose their steady  
 structures in peace. And may the rivers cause their  
 currents to flow for peace.

शं नो अदितिर्भवतु व्रतेभिः शं नौ भवन्तु मूरतः स्वकाः ।  
 शं नो विष्णुः शमु पूषणा अस्तु शनो भवित्रे शम्वस्तुवायुः ॥९॥ -  
 ऋ॒० ७।३५।९

9. Shanno aditir bhawantu marutah vrate-bhiih  
shanno bhawantu marutah swar-kaah.  
  
Shanno vishnuh shamu poosha Naa astu  
shanno bhavitram sham-vastu vaayuh.

May Mother Earth, with her Laws, engender peace. May all mortals, singing with sweetly-intoned voices, hymn peace for all humankind. May the all-pervading sunlight, the nourishing rain-clouds, and the cool winds all ensure peace. May even all future happenings influence peace.

शं नौ देवः सविता त्रायमाणः शं नौ भवन्तुष्टो विभातीः ।  
शं न॑ पर्जन्यो भवतु प्रजाम्यः शं नः क्षेत्रस्य पतिरस्तु शम्मुः ॥ १० ॥ -

ऋ० ७।३५।१०

10. Shanno devah savitaa traa-ya-maanah shanno bhawan-too-shaso vibhaa-teeh. Shanno parjanyo bhawantu prajaa-bhyah  
shannah kshetrasya patir astu shambhuh.  
  
May there be peace from the brilliant sun that rises in the morning to protect us from darkness, and from the radiant dawns. May the clouds rain down peace for all creatures. And may the peasant, the owner of land, helpful as He is, confer on us the gift of peace.

शं नौ देवा विश्वदेवा भवन्तु शं सरस्वति सह धीभिरस्तु  
शम्भिषाच्चः शम्भु रातिषाच्चः शं नौ दिव्या:  
पार्थिवाःशनो अप्याः ॥ ११ ॥ - ऋ० ७।३५।११

11. Shanno devaa vishwa-dewaa bhawantu  
sham saras-wateesha dhee-bhiraas-tu

Sham abhi-shaachah shamu raati-shaachah

Shanno divyaaah paar-thi-vaah shanno apyaah

May all of Nature's bounties yield peace unto us. May learning filled with holy thinking be translated into peace. May our associates who are liberal help us attain peace. And, may all beings, living in heaven, on earth, and in water share with us their peace.

शं न॑ सत्यस्य पतेयो भवन्तु शं न॒ अर्वन्तः शम्भु सन्तु गावः ।  
शं न॑ त्रृष्मवः सुकृतः सुहस्ता: शं नौ भवन्तु पितरो हवेषु ॥ १२ ॥ -

ऋ० ७।३५।१२

12. Shanno satyasya patayo bhawantu shanno arwantah shamu  
santu gaawah. Shanna ribhawah sukritha su-hastaah  
shanno bhawantu pitaro haveshu.  
  
In our rituals we pray that those who are masters of Truth, and those who are enlightened, those who use their skilled hands in performing only excellent only excellent deeds, those who are mothers and fathers, may all help us achieve peace. May even the domesticated animals provide us comfort in our daily tasks.

शं नौ अज एकपाद देवो अस्तु शं न॒ आहिर्बृन्यः शं समुदः ।  
शं नौ अपां नपात्ये रुस्तु शं न॒ पृश्नभवतु देवगोपा ॥ १३ ॥

- ऋ० ७।३५।८

13. Shaano no aja eka-paad dexo astu  
shanno 'hir budh-nyah sham samudrah.

Shanno apaam napaat perur astu

shannah prishnir bhawatu deva-gopaa.

May He Who is uncreated and Who measures the entire universe with one mere Step give us peace. may the cloud of ignorance present in my sky, overshadowing my intelligence, give way to peace. May the ocean of my sublime emotions flow for my peace. May the fire of luster that springs from the waters of my devotion lead to peace. And, may the Inner Cow (of Learning) protect our sense-organs for peace.

Uncreated: refers to God. My sky: the human body, like the universe, has three worlds, earth, sky, and heaven. Heaven extends from the head to the neck; sky from the neck to navel, and earth from navel to feet.]

इन्द्रो विश्वस्य राजति । शन्नोऽरतु द्विपदे शं चतुष्पदे ॥ १४ ॥ - यजु०

३६ ।८

14. Indro vishwasya raajati. Shanno astu dwipade

sham chatush-pade - Yajur Veda 36:8

Lord Indra shines as Supreme Ruler over the entire universe.  
May He bring peace unto all bipeds and quadrupeds.

शन्नो वातः पवती शन्नस्तपु सूर्यः । शन्नः कनिकदद्वः  
पञ्जन्यौ अभि वर्षतु ॥ १५ ॥ - यजु० ३६ । ११

15. Shanno vaataam pawataam shannas tapatu sooryah  
Shannah kani-kradad devah parjanyo abhi-varshatu

Let the cool winds blow peace unto us. Let the sun shine forth in peace. Let the thundering clouds burst forth and send rain for our peace.

अहोनि शम्भवन्तु नः शौ रात्रीः प्रति धीयताम् । शन्न इन्द्रग्नि

भवतामवोभिः शन्न इन्द्रा-वरुणा रात-हव्या । शन्न इन्द्रा पूषणा  
वाजसातौ शमिन्द्रा- सोमा सुविताय शौ योः ॥ १६ ॥ - यजु० ३६ ।८

16. Ahaani sham bhawantu nah sham raatreeh prati dheeeyataam. Shanna indraag-ni bhawataam avrohhii shanna indra-varunaa raata-havyaa Shanna indraa poosha-naa vaaja-saatau shamindra somaa suvi-taaya sham yoh.

May we pass our days and nights enjoying peace. May the sun and fire, with their warmth and light, give us peace. May the sun and ocean-water give us a peaceful life. May the sun and the rain-clouds help grains to grow for our victory in the battle of life, and may the sun and moon inspire us for peace.

शन्नो देवीरभिष्य आपो भवन्तु पीतये । शंयोरभिस्वन्तु नः ॥ १७ ॥ -  
यजु० ३६ । १२

17. Shanno deveer abhistaya aapo bhawantu peetaye. Shanyor abhi stravantu nah.

May there be divine waters for us to drink and experience inner satisfaction. May they continually flow from the fountain of peace all around us.  
[Divine waters: of knowledge.]

## शान्ति पाठ

ध्यौः शान्तिं इन्तरिक्षं शान्तिः पृथिवी

शान्तिरपः शान्तिरोषधयः शान्तिः।

वनस्पतयः शान्तिर्विश्वे देवाः शान्तिर्बहु

शान्तिः सर्वं शान्तिः शान्तिर्व

शान्तिः सा मा शान्तिरिधि॥ १८॥ - यजु० ३६ । १७

### SHANTI PAATH

18. Dyauh shaanti-ranta-riksham shaantih prithivee shaanti-  
raapah shaanti rosha-dhayah shaantih

Vanas-patayah shaantir vishwe devaah shaantir

Brahma shaantih sarvam shaantih  
shaanti-reva shaantih

Saa maa shanty – redhi.

Peace in heaven, sky and on earth. Let water flow to  
quench our thirst for peace. Let all trees and plants  
provide cool shade for a peaceful humanity. Let peace be  
in the hearts of all educated men, for them to share it  
with troubled minds. God is the Source of peace, and His  
Divine Scripture teaches the way to that peace. May that  
peace extend its influence in every nook and corner of this  
globe. Let there be peace and only peace.  
May that peace come to me, too.

तच्छक्षुदेवहितं पुरस्ताच्छुकमुच्चरत्। पश्येम शरदः शतं जीवेम शरदः

शतं शृण्याम शरदः शतं प्रब्रवाम शरदः शतमदीना: स्याम शरदः

शतं भूयश्च शरदः शतात्॥ १९॥ - यजु० ३६ । २४

19. Tach-chakshur devahitam

purastaach chhukram uch-charat.

Pashyema sharadah shatam

Jeevema sharadah shatam

Shrinu-yaama sharadah shatam

Pra-bravaama sharadah shatama

deenaah syaama sharadah shatam,

Bhooyash cha sharadah shataat.

That brilliant Eye, the sun, held by God in the heavens,  
rises in the East. May we, too, rise every morning to  
perceive its golden splendor. May we live a long life,  
of a hundred years, and while living, may we listen to,  
and proclaim the glory and majesty of the Creator of this  
rising sun. And, in the event that we live for more than a

hundred years, may we never lose our individual freedom.  
[ Eye:the sun confers to everyone the capacity to see.  
One hundred years: this is the Vedic life-expectancy.]

( 6 )

## अथ शिवसंकल्प मन्त्र

ATHAA SHIVA SANKALPA MANTRAAH

**यज्ञायतो दूरं सुदैति दैवन्तदु सुसत्स्य तथैवेति ।  
दूरङ्गमञ्ज्योतिषा ज्योतिरेकन्तन्मे मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥ १ ॥**

1. Yajjaagrato dooram udaiti daivam tadvuptasya tathai-vaiti.  
Doo-ranga-mam jyotishaam jyoti-rekam tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu.

That far-going light of all lights that flies to distances in one's wakeful state, and even so, in one's sleep, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.

[Lights: cognitive senses – seeing, hearing, smelling, tasting and touching.

Light: mind, the coordinator of all the senses. Far-going: the mind wanders off to distant places.]

**येन कमण्यपस्मौ मनीषिणौ यज्ञे कृपवान्ति विदधेषु धीराः ।  
यद् पूर्वं यक्षमन्तः प्रजानां तन्मे मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥ २ ॥**

2. Yena karmaan-yapaso manee-shino yaj-ye krinvanti vida-the-shu dheeraah Yada-poovram yak-sham antah prajaa-naam tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu.

That mind, with the help of which wise people take an oath to perform sacred deeds in yagna, and patient people enter in to the battlefield of life, that which is the unique, mysterious light

hidden in the innermost recess of our heart, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.

**यत्पश्चान्तमुत चेसो धृतिश्च यज्ञोतिरन्तरमुतं प्रजासु । यस्मान्त्र ऋते  
किञ्चन कर्म कियते तन्मे मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥ ३ ॥**

3. Yat praj-yaanam uta cheto dhristish cha yaj-jyotir antar amritam praajasu. Yasmaan na rite kin-chhana karma kriyate tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu.

The mind which is consciousness in itself, which is awareness, that which is patience, and sustenance and memory, that which is the amritaa jyotee, the deathless light, hidden in the hearts of all created beings, that without which no action can be performed, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.

**येनेदम्भूतं भुवनम्पविष्यत परिगृहीतम्मुतेन सर्वम् ।  
येन यज्ञस्तायते सप्तहौता तन्मे मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥ ४ ॥**

4. Yene-dam bhootam bhuwa-nam bhavish-yat pari-gri-heetam armitena sarvam. Yena yaj-yas taayate saptaa hotaa tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu

That deathless light by which is sustained all this past, present and future, that by which the yagna that has seven priests in extended and spread, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.  
[Seven priests: five senses, ego and intellect.  
Yagna: all activity of worshipping, harmonizing and sharing. Life itself is All Yagna performed with these seven priests. Extended and spread: in our consciousness]

यस्मिन्दृशः साम् यज्जूषि यस्मिन् प्रतिष्ठिता रथनाभिवारा: ।

यस्मैश्चत्तं सर्वमोतं प्रजानां तन्मे

मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥५॥

5. Yasminn richah saama yajoomshi yasmin pratish-thi-taa ratha-naa-bhaa-vi-vaa-raah. Yas-minsh-chittam sarva-motam prajaanaam tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu

That mind in which is sustained the knowledge of the Rigveda, the music of the Saamaveda, and the sacred deeds of the Yajur, like the spokes in the hub of a wheel, that in which is woven and interwoven all consciousness of all beings, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.

[Rigveda: There are four Vedas – Rig, Yajur, Saama, and Atharva – revealed to the first Rishi by God in the beginning of human creation. These revelations contain the germs of all sciences.]

सुषारथिरश्वानिव यन्मनुष्मा- न्नेनीयतेऽभीशुर्वाजिनं इव ।

हृतप्रिष्ठं यद्दजिरं जविष्ठं तन्मे मनः शिवसंकल्पमस्तु ॥६॥

6. Su-shaa-rathir ash-waan iva yan manushtayaan ne-nee- yate bhee-shu-bhir vaa-jina iva Hrit pra-tish-tham yada-jiram javish-tham tan-me manah shiva-sankalpam astu.

That mind which ever leads men like an expert charioteer controlling the reins of his horses, that which is heart-abiding, ever moving and the speediest of all forces, may that my mind be filled with beautiful and benevolent thoughts.

(7)

अग्न्याये ध्यान मन्त्र

## Agnaye dhayan mantra

ॐ स नः पवस्व शं गवे शं जनाय शमवर्ते ।

शशं राजत्रौ-षधीभ्यः:

om sa nah pavasva śam gave śam janāye śamarvate ।

śam rājannau-śadhībhyaḥ.

Om. O Omnipresent God, may our wealth bring us peace. May food and herbs bring us happiness and peace.

ॐ अमयं नः करत्यन्त-रिक्षम-भयं चावा-पृथिवी उमे इमे ।

अमयं पश्चा-दमयं पुरस्ता-दुत्तरा- दधर -दमयं नो अस्तु om abhayām nah karat�ant-rikṣama-bhayām dyāvā-

prthiavi ubhe ime ।

abhayām paścā-dabhayaṁ purastā-duttarā-dadharā-  
dabhayaṁ no astu

Om. May the horizons make us fearless. May the sky and the earth make us fearless. May we have no fear of any place in the past, present and the future. May we be un-afraid of the old and the young, and the rich and the poor.

ॐ अभयं मित्रा-द्भयं-अमित्रा-द्भयं ज्ञाता-द्भयं परोक्षात् ।

अभयं नक्तं - अभयं दिवा नः सर्वा आशा

मम मित्रं भवन्तु

om abhayam mitrā-dabhayam-amitrā-dabhayam  
jñātā-dabhayam paroksat |

abhayam naktama-abhayam divā nah sarvā āśā

mama mitram bhavantu

Om. May we be un-afraid of our friends or enemy. May we be un-afraid of the known or the unknown. May we be fearless during the nights and the days. May we be protected from all directions, and may peace come to us from everywhere.

( 8 )

अग्नि -- प्रज्वलन -- मन्त्र

agni -- prajvalana -- mantra

( Kindling the sacred fire )

ॐ भूर्भुवः स्वः ॥

om bhūrbhuvah svah

Om. Om is the Giver of life, the dispeller of miseries, and the bestower of happiness.

**Light up a small piece of camphor in a spoon and while reciting the following mantra , let the host place the lit camphor in the middle of the havan kund.**

ॐ भूर्भुवः स्वयाः - रिव भूसा पृथिवीव वरिम्णा ।

तस्यास्ते पृथिवी देव - यजनि

पृष्ठे-अग्नि-मन्त्रा-दमन्त्रा-द्याया-द्ये

om bhūrbhuvaḥ svadyaoyo - riva bhūmnā

pr̥thiavīva varimṇā |

tasyāste pṛthivī deva - yajani

pr̥sthe-agni-mannā-damannā-dyāyā-dadhe

Om. O God! I am kindling fire on this land created by You where learned people perform yagyas. Bless me with food and prosperity so that I can help all people of my society. Make my heart as big as the sky and my mind's patience as big as this earth.

**To make sure the flame stay lit, add more camphor, Ghee & samidhas while reciting the following mantra.**

(9)

आग्नि -- प्रदीपन -- मन्त्र

agni -- pradīpana -- mantra  
( Arousing the sacred fire )

ॐ उद्भुत्यर्क्षामे प्रति-जागृहि त्व-मिद्या-पूर्णे संख् सूजे थामयन्त्व-

अरिमन्त्-सधर्थे आव्युत्त-रस्मिन् विश्वे-देवा

यजमानश्च सीदत

om ud-budhyasvāgne prati-jāgrhi tva-miṣṭā-pūrte

sam̄-srje-thāmayanca |

asmint-sadhasthe adhyutta-rasmin viśve-devā

yajamānaśca sīdata

Om. O Agni, please kindle. May yajamaan, the host, be able to perform yagyas and serve humanity. O host and this gathering of learned people, be seated together on the same ground, disregarding your social status, and be ready to pray to God. You all are equal in the eyes of God, and you have been created by the same God.

( 10 )  
समिद्धा धान मन्त्र

**Take three samidhas and soak them in Ghee. Host will be using these samidhas in next three mantras. Hold one samidha in your hand & place it in the middle of havan kund while reciting**

**“Idam na mama” ( this is not for me )**

प्रथम

prathama -- samidhā -- dhāna mantra

ॐ अथन्त इथ्य आत्मा जात-वेदस्तेने-ध्यात्व वर्धन्व चेष्ट वर्धय

चारमन् प्रजया पशु-भिर-ब्रह्म-वर्चसे-नान्ना-द्यैन समेधय स्वाहा ।

इदमन्त्रे जात-वेदसे -- इदं न मम

om ayanta idhma ātmā jāta-vedastene-dhyasva  
vardhasva ceddhā vardhaya cāsmān prajayā paśu-

bhira-brahma-varcase-nānnā-dyena samedhaya svahā  
| idamagnaye jāta-vedase – idam na mama

Om. O God! This Aatma is your fuel. Just as samidha, the fuel for fire, burns radiating light and warmth, similarly I may live promoting true knowledge and friendship in the world. O Agni, you are the knower of everything. Grow brighter and brighter with this samidha and ghee. Bless us with food, riches, happiness, children and grandchildren. Help us in our physical and spiritual growth. This oblation is for Agni – the knower of everything. This is not mine, everything belongs to God.

**Place the 1st. Samidha in the Havan Kund.**

द्वितीय -- समिद्धा -- धान मन्त्र

dvitiya -- samidhā -- dhāna mantra

\*\* ( recite the following two mantras before offering the second samidha )

ॐ समिद्धा-अग्नि दुवस्यत घृतेर-बोधयता-तिथिम् ।

आस्मन्-हव्या जुहोतन स्वाहा ।

इदमन्त्रे जात-वेदसे -- इदं न मम

om samidhā-agnim duvasyata ghṛtaira-bodhaya-tā-  
tithim | āśmin-havyā juhotana svahā |  
idamagnaye jāta-vedase -- idam na mama  
Om. Yajmaan, just as you welcome guests with food and  
hospitality, similarly you welcome Agni with samidhas and  
ghee. O Yajmaan, pour oblations of best objects in the Havan-  
Kund. This oblation is for Agni. This is not mine. Everything  
belongs to God.

ॐ सु-समिद्धाय शोचिषे घृतं तीव्रं जुहोतनं ।

अग्नये जातवेदसे स्वाहा ।

इदमग्नये जातवेदसे - इदन् मम

om su-samiddhāye śocīṣe ghṛtam tīvram juhotana |  
agnaye jātavedase svahā | idamagnaye jātavedase -

idanna mama

Om. When Agni is fully kindled, pour oblations of melted ghee  
in Havan-Kund. This oblation is for Agni, the personification of  
knowledge. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

**Place the 1Ind. Samidha in the Havan Kund.**

तृतीये समिद्धा धान मन्त्र

trītiye samidhā dhāna mantra

ॐ तन्त्वा समिद्भि-रंगिरो घृतेन वर्द्धया मसि ।  
बृहच्छोचा यविष्य स्वाहा । इदमग्नये-अन्तिरसे - इदन् मम ॥

om tantvā samid-bhi-ramgiroa  
ghṛtena varddhayā masi |  
bṛhacchocā yavishṭhya svahā |  
idamagnaye-angirase - idanna mama

Om. O Agni, you are the giver of life to everyone in the  
universe. We offer you oblations of samidha and ghee. May you  
grow brighter and brighter. This oblation is for Agni. This is not  
mine. Everything belongs to God.

**Place the IIIrd. Samidha in the  
Havan Kund.**

( 11 )

घृता - हुति -- मन्त्र

**gṛtā - hutī -- mantra**  
**Recite the following mantra five times with**  
**ghee ahuti each time**

ॐ अयन्त इध्य आत्मा जात-वेदस्तेने-ध्यस्व वर्धस्व चेद्ध वर्धय

चास्मन् प्रजया पशु-भिर-ब्रह्म-वर्चसे-नान्ना-ध्येन

समधय स्वाहा ॥ इदमभये जात-वेदस्ते - इदन्न मम ॥

om ayanta idhma ātmā jāta-vedastene-dhyasva

vardhasva ceddha vardhaya  
 cāsmān prajayā paśu-bhira-brahma-varcase-nānnā-

dyena samedhaya svahā ॥ ॥

idamagnaye jāta-vedase - idann mama ॥ ॥

Om. O God! This Aatma is your fuel. Just as samidha, the fuel for fire, burns radiating light and warmth, similarly I may live promoting true knowledge and friendship in the world. O Agni, you are the knower of everything. Grow brighter and brighter with this samidha and ghee. Bless us with food, riches, happiness, children and grandchildren. Help us in our physical and spiritual growth. This oblation is for Agni – the knower of everything. This is not mine, everything belongs to God.

( 12 )

जल प्रसेचन मन्त्र

**jala prasechan mantra**

( O' GOD please purify the grounds where havan is performed )

**Take a clean stainless steel glass of water.  
 Host will be pouring this water around the  
 Havan Kund in the direction mentioned in  
 the following mantras**

ॐ अदिते - ॐ-मन्त्रस्व ॥ १ ॥ पूर्व

om adite - 'nu-manyasva ॥ १ ॥ ॥ पूर्वा

“ EAST ”

Om. O Aditi, listen to our prayers.

ॐ अनुमते - ॐ-मन्त्रस्व ॥ २ ॥ पश्चिम

om anumate - 'nu-manyasva ॥ २ ॥ ॥ पश्चिमा

“ WEST ”

Om. O Indra, listen to our prayers.

ॐ सर -स्वत्य - इनु-मन्त्रव्य ॥ ३ ॥ उत्तर

om sara -svatya - 'nu-manyasva ॥ 3 ॥ uttara

“NORTH”

Om. O Saraswatee, listen to our prayers.

ॐ देव सवितः प्रसुव यज्ञं प्रसुव

यज्ञ-पति॑ं भगाय ।

दिव्यो गन्त्यवः केतपूः केतनः पुनात्

वाचस्पतिः-वाचम् नः स्वदत् ॥ ४ ॥

om deva savitah prasuva yajñam prasuva

yajñapatim bhagāya ।

divyo gandharvah ketapūh ketannah punātu

vācaspatir-vācam nah svadatu ॥ 4 ॥

All around the *Havan Kund* continuing from East, to south, to west and to north.

Om. O God, You are the creator of the universe. You lead us in this yagya as You are the Leader of all yagyas. May this Yagya be auspicious for us. You are the highest Source of divine knowledge and everyone sings Your glory. Guide our intellects and bestow sweetness in our speech so that we may think right and speak well.

## (13)

### आधारा वाज्य भाणहृति मन्त्र

āghārā vājya bhāṇahṛuti mantra  
(for knwoledge, progress & success )

**Host should offer Ghee ahutis with following four mantras.**

ॐ अग्नये स्वाहा । इदमग्नये -- इदम् मम ॥ १ ॥

om agnaye svāhā ।

idamagnaye -- idanna mama ॥ 1 ॥

Om. I call upon Agni. This oblation is for Agni. This is not mine.  
Everything belongs to God.

ॐ सोमाय स्वाहा । इदं सोमाय -- इदत्त मम ॥ २ ॥

om somāya svāhā ।

idam somāya -- idanna mama ॥ 2 ॥  
Om. I call upon Soma. This oblation is for Soma. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ प्रजापतये स्वाहा । इदं प्रजापतये -- इदन्न मम ॥ ३ ॥

om prajāpataye svāhā ।

idam prajāpataye -- idanna mama ॥ ३ ॥

Om. I call upon Prajapati, the creator of the universe. This oblation is for Prajapati. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ इन्द्राय स्वाहा । इदं इन्द्राय -- इदन्न मम ॥ ४ ॥

om indrāya svāhā ।

idam indrāya -- idanna mama ॥ ४ ॥

Om. I call upon Indra. This oblation is for Indra. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

(14)

सामान्य प्रकरणम्

**Samanya prakaraNam**

ओं भूरभ्ये प्राणाय स्वाहा ।

इदमभ्ये प्राणाय-इदन्न मम ॥ १ ॥

Om bhoo-rag-naye praanaaya swaahaa.

Idam agnaye praanaaya, idanna mama.

Unto the earthly fire that acts like breath to energize all creatures, do I make this truthful offering.

ओं भुवर्यायवेऽपानाय स्वाहा ॥

इदं वायवेऽपानाय - इदन्न मम ॥ २ ॥

Om bhuwar-waaya-ve 'paanaa-ya swaahaa.

Idam vaaya-ve 'paanaa-ya, idanna mama.

Unto the atmospheric wind that cools the surrounding and removes the uneasiness by providing fresh air, do I make this truthful offering.

ओं स्वरादित्याय व्यानाय स्वाहा ॥

इदमादित्याय व्यानाय - इदन्न मम ॥ ३ ॥

Om swar-aadit-yaaya vyaaanaa-ya swaahaa.

**Idam aadit-yaaya vyaaanaa-ya, idanna mama.**

Unto the heavenly sun that makes the world happy by giving light, and causing rain to fall and grains to ripen, do I make this truthful offering.

**ॐ भूर्भुवः स्वरभिवाच्चादित्येऽः प्राणापानव्यानेऽः स्वाहा ॥**

**इदमश्चिवाच्चादित्येऽः प्राणापा- नव्यानेऽः - इदन्न मम ॥४॥**

**Om bhoor bhuwah swaragni vaay-va-ditye-bhyah  
praana-paana vyaaane-bhyah swaahaa.**

**Idam agni vaay-va-a-ditye-bhyah  
praanaa-paana vyaaane-bhyah, idanna mama.**

Unto earth, sky and heaven, and unto the corresponding fire, air and sun, with their functions of energizing, removing pains and making the world happy, do I make this truthful offering.

( 15 )

**स्विष्ट - कृत - आहृती - मन्त्र**

**sviṣṭa - kr̥ta - āhṛuti - mantra**

**Offer as an *ahuti* a spoonfull of *Prashaad* with the following *mantra***

ॐ यदस्य कर्मणो-अत्यरी-रिचं यदा न्यून-मिहाकरम् ।

अग्निष्ठत् - स्विष्ट कृद् विद्यत् सर्वं स्त्रियं सुहृतं करोतु मे ।

अग्न्ये स्विष्ट कृते सुहु-तहुते सर्व-प्रायाश्वता-हु-तीना

कामानां समर्द्धं-स्त्रिये सर्वात्रः कामान्त्-समर्द्धय स्वाहा ।

इदम्-अग्नये स्त्रिये स्त्रिये - कृते -- इदन्न मम ।

om yadasya karmāṇo-ātyārī-tricām yadvā nyūna-mihākaram ।

agniṣṭat - sviṣṭa kr̥d vidyāt sarvām svīṣṭām suhutām karotu me ।

agnye sviṣṭa kr̥te suhū-tahute sarvā-prāyāścittā-hu-tīnām kāmānām samarddhā-itre sarvānnāḥ kāmānt-samarddhaya svāhā । idam-

agnaye sviṣṭa - kr̥te - idanna mama ।

Om. May Agni, the personification of knowledge, make this yagya a success even though I might have made some mistakes in performing this yagya. O Agni, you know all my heart's wishes. Please fulfill them. Please accept the offerings that I have offered you with great love and devotion. I offer you all that I have. You are the destroyer of evil and the creator of goodness in mankind. O Agni, grant me my wishes. This oblation is for Agni – the giver of all wishes. This is not mine, everything belongs to God.

( १६ )

## प्रजापत्य आहुति मन्त्र

Prajapati ahuti mantra

**PRAA-JAA-PAT-YAAHUTI:**

-- *CHANT SILENTLY*

ओं प्रजापते स्वाहा ॥

इदं प्रजापते - इदन्न मम ॥

Silent Oblation to Prajaapati with Ghee and Samaagree.  
Om prajaa-pata-ye swaahaa. Idam prajapaye idanna mama  
Unto Prajapati, the Silent Witness to the drama  
of this Universe is this offering made. Nothing is mine.

O Agni! Purity and lengthen our lives and send down  
food and energy. Drive misfortune far away from us.  
[Agni: refers to God.]

ओं भूमूर्त्तिः स्वः । अस्मि आर्थिषि पवस् आ

सुवोजीमिष्ठं च नः ॥ आरे बौयस्व दुच्छुन्ति स्वाहा ॥

१६६ । २०

Om bhoor bhuwah swah. Agnir ishih pawa-maanah  
paancha-janyah purohitah. Tamee-mahem mahaagayam swaaha.  
Idam agnaye pawa-maanaa-ya, idanna mama.

( १७ )

## आज्याहुति मन्त्र

Mantras and Oblations for Big, Special Occasions.

**PAVA-MAAN AAHUTI:**

Oblations for the Purification and Enlightenment.

ओं भूमूर्त्तिः स्वः । अस्मि आर्थिषि पवस् आ

सुवोजीमिष्ठं च नः ॥ आरे बौयस्व दुच्छुन्ति स्वाहा ॥

इदमश्वे पवमनाय - इदन्न मम ॥ ४५० । ६६ । १९

Om bhoor bhuwah swah.  
Agna aayoomshi pawasa  
aa-suvar jamisham cha nah.

Aare baadhas-wa duch-chhu-naam swaahaa.  
Idam agnaye pwa-maanaa-ya, idanna mama.

O Agni! Purity and lengthen our lives and send down  
food and energy. Drive misfortune far away from us.  
[Agni: refers to God.]

ओं भूमूर्त्तिः स्वः । अस्मिर्शिष्ठिः पवमानः पाञ्चञ्जन्यः पुरोहितः ॥

तमीमहे महागायं स्वाहा ॥ इदमश्वे पवमानाय - इदन्न मम ॥ ४५०

१६६ । २०

Om bhoor bhuwah swah. Agnir ishih pawa-maanah  
paancha-janyah purohitah. Tamee-mahem mahaagayam swaaha.  
Idam agnaye pawa-maanaa-ya, idanna mama.

Agni sees through our lives with penetrating vision and takes away impurities. He is the Benefactor of all five classes of human beings in society. He occupies supreme importance in all undertakings. To him, whose glory is widely proclaimed, to do we offer our supplications. [Five classes: based on a division of labor, there are teachers, defenders, commercialists, laborers and, those who do not belong to any of these four classes. These are respectively called Brahmana, Kshatriya, Vaishya, Shudra and Ati-shudra.]

ओं भूर्भुवः । अग्ने पवर्त्व स्वपा अस्मे वर्चः सुवीर्यम् ॥ दद्यद्विषि मयि-

पोषं स्वाहा॑ ॥ इदमन्त्रये पवमानाय - इदन्न मम ॥ ४० ६ ॥ २१

Om bhoor bhuwah swah. Agne pawas-wa swa-paa asme varchah su-veeryam. Dadhad rayim mayi posham swaahaa. Idam agnaye pawa-maanaa-ya, idanna mama

Agni, Performer of benevolent deeds! Pour forth on us the brilliance of Divine Knowledge and heroic vigor. Grant us wealth that nourishes.

ओं भूर्भुवः स्वः । प्रजापते न त्वेदतान्यन्यो विश्वा जातानि परिता

वभूव । यत् कामास्ते जहुमस्तन्नो अस्तु वर्य स्याम पतंयो

रथीणां ॥ इदं प्रजापतये - इदन्न मम ॥ ४० १० ॥ २१ ॥ २०

Om bhoor bhuwah swah. prajaa-pate! Na twad etaan-yanyo vishwaa jaataani pari taa babhoowa Yat kamaas-te juhumas tan-  
no astu vayam syaama patayo rayeenaam swaahaa. idam prajaa-  
pataye, idanna mama.

O Prajaapati, Master of all creatures! No-one, other than You, comprehends the creatures of this visible and other invisible worlds. Grant us our heart's desire, for which we invoke You, and bless us to be masters of riches.

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### अश्टाउज्य आहुति

#### ASHT AAJYAA-HUTI:

Eight Oblations for Auspiciousness. Offer Ghee only.

ओं तं नौऽअग्ने वरुणस्य विब्दन् देवस्य हेष्ठो व यासिसीश्ठाः ।

यजिष्ठे वहितमः शोशुचानो विश्वा द्वेषांसि प्र मुमुक्ष्यस्त  
स्वाहा॑ । इदमन्त्रीवरुणाम् - इदन्न मम ॥ १ ॥ ४० ४ ॥ १२

Om twan-no agne varunasya vidwaan  
devasya hedo 'vayaa-si-seesh-thaah.  
Yajish-tho vahni-tamah shoshu-chaano

vishwaa dweshaaan-si pra-mumug-dhyas-mat swaaha.  
Idam agnee-varunaabhyaaam, idanna mama.

Agni, the Knowledgeable One! Drive away from us the tendency to show disrespect to any accomplished scholar in society. Supremely worshipped in our yagna, supreme in carrying our burdens, and supreme in brilliance, may you separate all forces of hatred from us.

ओं स तं नो अग्नेऽवमोभवोती नेदिष्ठो अस्या उषसे व्युष्टे ।

अवै यक्षव नो वरुणं ररणो वीहि  
मृडीकं सुहूवौ न एषि स्वाहा॑ ॥

इदमन्त्रीवरुणाम् - इदन्न मम ॥ २ ॥ ४० ५ ॥ १२

Om sa twan-no agne 'vamo bhawo-tee

nedish-tho asyaa ushaso vyush-tau  
 Ava yak-shwa no varunam ra-raano  
 veehi mrideekam shuhawao na edhi swaahaa.  
**Idam agnee-varunaa-bhyaam, idanna mama.**  
 Agni, at this hour of the break of dawn, be  
 close and nearest in offering help. In granting us  
 knowledge, destroy all binding influences, promote our peaceful  
 nature, and be ready to respond to our call for help.

ओम् इमं मे वरुण श्री हृष्मद्या च मृड्यः।

**त्वामवस्तुपा चके स्वाहा ॥**

इदं वरुणाय - इदन्न मम ॥३॥ ऋ० १२५॥१९  
 Om imam me varuna shrudi  
 havyam adyaa cha mridaya.  
**Twaam awasyu-raacha-ke swaahaa.**  
 Idam varunaaya, idanna mama.

Choiceworthy Varuna! hear this call of mine and be  
 gracious today. Longing for your mercy do I call upon you.

ओं तत्त्वा यामि ब्रह्मणा वन्द्मानस्तदा शोस्ते यज्जमनो हविर्भिः।

अहेऽमनो वरणो होष्टुशंसु मा न आयुः प्र मोर्षीः स्वाहा॑॥

इदं वरुणाय - इदन्न मम ॥४॥ ऋ० १२४॥१८  
 Om tat-twaam yaami brahmaanaa vanda-maanas  
 tad aashaas-te yajamaano havir-bhih.

**Aheda-maano varu-neha bo-dhyu-ru-shansa**  
 maa na aayuh pra-mo-sheeh swaahaa.

**Idam varunaaya, idanna mama.**

I set my hope for the elevated life that a devoted person prays  
 for with yagna offerings, and so I approach you, God, praising  
 you with Vedic verses. Extensively praised by thoughtful minds,  
 O Varuna, may you not disregard my  
 call for help, but grant me, here and now, the wisdom I seek.

While using that wisdom, let not my life be unexpectedly cut short.

ओं ये ते शांते वरुण ये सहस्रं यग्निया: पाशा वितता महान्तः।  
 तेभिन्नै अद्य सवितोत विष्णुर्विश्वे मुञ्चन्तु मरुतः स्ववक्त्रौ स्वाहा॑॥  
 इदं वरुणाय सवित्रे विष्णवे विश्वेष्यो देवेष्यो मरुद्युः स्वकैश्यः।

**इदन्न मम ॥ कात्यायन श्रौत० १११ १ ११**

Om ye te shatam varuna ye sahas-ram yaj-yi-yaah  
 paashaah vita-taa mahaantah. Tebhira no adya savi-tota  
 vishnur vishwe mun-chantu marutah swar-kkaah swaahaa.  
**Idam varunaaya savitre vishnave vishwe-bhyo**  
**devebhyo marud-bhyah swarke-bhyah, idanna mama.**  
 Varunai hundreds and thousands of Your greatest Laws, that  
 relate to our life, are extended across this vast  
 creation, and made to exercise their influence. O Omnipresent  
 Impeller, and O enlightened men who teach us not to cry, we  
 pray that through these laws, you may all help us to gain  
 emancipation from the world.

**ओम् अयाश्वानेऽस्त्वनभिशस्ति - पाश्च सत्यमित्यमया अस्मि।**

अया नो यज्ञं वहास्यथा नो धेहि भेषजै स्वाहा ॥

**इदमभये अयसे - इदन्न मम ॥६॥ कात्यायन श्रौत० १२१ १ ११**

Om ayaash chaagne 'syana-bhi shaasti-paash cha satyam-it  
 twam ayaa asi. Ayaa no yajyam vahaas-ya-ya  
 no dhehi bhesha-jam swaahaa. Idam agnaye ayase, idanna  
 mama.

I declare truthfully, Agni, You are indeed found everywhere, and  
 are the Protector of those free from sin. Bring our yagna to a  
 successful end and rectify our transgressions.

ओम् उद्गुतमं वरुण पाशमस्म- दक्षिधमं वि मध्यमं श्रथाय।  
 अथो वयमादित्य ब्रते तवाना- गस्मे अदितये स्याम् स्वाहा ॥  
 इदं वरुणाया आदित्या- अदितये च - इदन्न मम ॥७॥ ऋ॒०

१।२४।१२

Om ud-ut tamam varuna paasham-asmad  
 avaa-dhamam vi madhaya-mam shra-thaaaya.  
 Athaa vayam aaditya vrate  
 tavaa-naa-gaso adita-ye syaama swaahaa.  
 Idam varu-naayaa 'dit'-yaayaa 'dita-ye cha, idanna mama.  
 Varunai loosen the bonds that bind me – bonds of upper,  
 middle and lower levels – so that we, O Imperishable One, may  
 be sinless in Your Laws, and become worthy for the realm of  
 Eternal Life. [Upper level: impure thoughts  
 Middle level: impure emotions – lust, greed, anger, etc.  
 Lower level: excessive, unchannelled sense-enjoyment.]

ओं भवततः समनसौ सन्वेतसावेरप्सौ।

मा यज्ञैः हि सिष्टु मा यज्ञपतिं जातवेदसौ श्विदो भवतमय नः-

स्वाहा ॥ इदं जातवेदोऽस्याम्-इदन्न मम ॥८॥ यजु० २।३ ६।६।२१

Om bhawatan-nah sa-manasau  
 sa-cheeta-saa vare-pasau.

Maa yajyam him sish-tam  
 maa yajyapatim jaataveda-sau

shivau bhawatam adya nah swaahaa.

Idam jaata-vedo-bhyaam, idanna mama.

O married couple! May both of you be for us of the same  
 thought and knowledge, and sinless. May you both never cause  
 harm to either the tradition of charity or to the good name of  
 Yajmaan, the performer of yagna. May both of you be for us,

today, possessors of much wealth, that you can show us grace  
 and benevolence.

[Couple: married people are motivated to earn, and they  
 provide the means for society to go on through their acts of  
 charity & donation. This has always been so throughout the  
 world, in all ages.  
 Us: Teachers and social workers.]

**If the Havan is performed in the morning  
 then recite the morning mantras, otherwise  
 goto the evening mantras section**

( 19 )

## प्रातः - कालीन -- आहुति --- मन्त्र ( morning mantras )

prātāḥ - kālīna -- āhuti --- mantra  
( morning mantras )

ॐ सूर्यो ज्योति-ज्योतिर्-तिः सूर्यः स्वाहा ॥ २ ॥  
om suryo jyoti-jyotir-tih suryah svāhā ॥ १ ॥  
Om. We call upon Soorya. Soorya is light [ knowledge ] and light is Soorya.

ॐ सूर्यो वचो ज्योति-वर्चः स्वाहा ॥ २ ॥

om suryo varco jyotir-varcaḥ svāhā ॥ २ ॥  
Om. We call upon Soorya. Soorya is Splendor and Splendor is Soorya.

ॐ ज्योतिः सूर्यः सूर्यो ज्योतिः स्वाहा ॥ ३ ॥

om jyotiḥ suryah suryo jyotiḥ svāhā ॥ ३ ॥  
Om. We call upon Soorya. Soorya is light and light is Soorya.

**GO TO \*\*\*\* ( common for morning & evening mantras )**

सायं - कालीन -- आहुति --- मन्त्र  
( evening mantras )

ॐ अग्निर्-ज्योति-ज्योतिर्-अग्निः स्वाहा ॥ १ ॥

om agnir-jyotir-jyotir-agnih svāhā ॥ १ ॥  
Om. We call upon Agni. Agni is light and light is Agni.

ॐ अग्निर्-वचो ज्योति-वर्चः स्वाहा ॥ २ ॥

om agnir-varco jyotir-varcaḥ svāhā ॥ २ ॥  
Om. We call upon Agni. Agni is Speech and Speech is Agni.

ॐ अग्निर्-ज्योति-ज्योतिर्-अग्निः स्वाहा ॥ ३ ॥

om agnir-jyotir-jyotir-agnih svāhā ॥ ३ ॥  
Om. We call upon Agni. Agni is light and light is Agni.

ॐ सजूर् - देवन सवित्रा सजू - रात्र्ये - इन्द्र - वत्या ।

जुशाणो अग्निर्बेतु स्वाहा ॥ ४ ॥

om sajūr - devena savitrā sajū - rātrye - indra - vatyā ।  
juśāṇo agnirvetu svāhā ॥ ४ ॥  
Om. May this Soorya with all the light rays accept our oblations and carry the fragrance of yagna to the whole world.

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\*\*\*\*\*( common for morning & evening )

ॐ यां मेधां देवगणा: पितरश्चो-पासते ।  
तथा मामद्य मेधयान्ने मेधाविनं कुरु स्त्वा हा  
om yāṁ medhāṁ devaganāḥ pitarśco-pāsate ।  
tayā māmadya medhayāgne medhāvināṁ

kuru svāhā Om. I call upon Agni. O Agni grant me the same  
kind of intellect that my learned ancestors possessed so that I  
may also become learned and intelligent.

**IF YOU WANT TO RECITE ANY SPECIAL  
MANTRA'S, or perform any special ceremony, do  
that HERE & RETURN HERE. OTHERWISE  
FOLLOWING ARE THE FINAL MANTRAS**

( 21 )

गायत्री मन्त्र

**Gayatri mantra**

**Faculty of constant Bliss**

ओ३३३ । भूर्भुवः स्वः । तत्स्वितुर्वरेण्यं  
भग्नो देवस्य धीमहि ।  
धियो यो नः प्रचोदयात् ॥ यजु० ३६ ।३

**Om bhoor bhuwah swah. Tat savitur varenyam  
bhargo devasya dheemahi.  
Dhiyo yo nah prachodayaat**

O Soul of Life, the Holy King of kings! O God of all the regions,  
high and low, O Lord of Joy, Whose Glory Nature sings, Who  
shapes the earth and lets the mortals grow.  
We seek Thy blessed Feet to meditate Upon Thy Glorious Form  
of Holy Light Which drives away the gloom of sins we hate And  
makes the souls of righteous people bright.  
My heart, O Father, meekly prays to Thee To win Thy Grace, to  
make me good and wise, And bless my mind with knowledge,  
full and free From dark and vicious thoughts of sins and lies.

ॐ भूर्स्ये प्राणाय स्वाहा ।

इदम्-अग्नये प्राणाय -- इदन्त मम ॥

om bhūragnaye prāṇāya svāhā ।

idama-agnaye prāṇāya

-- idanna mama ॥

Om. I call upon Agni, the Creator of the universe, for life. This oblation is for Agni. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ भुवर्यज्वे-अपानाये स्वाहा ।

इदम् वायवे-अपानाये --- इदन्त मम ॥

om bhuvaryave-apānāya svāhā ।

idam vāyave-apānāye --- idanna mama ॥

Om. I call upon Vayu ( Air ), the Dispeller of miseries, for apāna ( Inhaling ). This oblation is for Vayu. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ आपो ज्योतीरसो - अमृतं ब्रह्म भूमुर्वः स्वरौ स्वाहा ॥

इदम् - अदित्याय व्यानाये इदन्त मम ॥

om svarā-dityāye vyānaya svāhā ।

idama - adityāya vyānāye idanna mama ॥

Om. I call upon Aditya, the bestower of happiness, for Vyana ( Exhaling ). This oblation is for Aditya. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ भूर्मुर्वः स्वर-अग्नि-वायवा-दित्येयः

प्राणापान व्यानेयः स्वाहा ।

इदम्-अग्नि-वायवा-दित्येयः

प्राणापान-व्यानेयः -- इदन्त मम ॥  
om bhūrbhuvah svara-agni-vāyavā-dityebhyah

prāṇāpāna vyāneibhyah svāhā ।

idama-agni-vāyavā-dityebhyah

prāṇāpāna-vyāneibhyah -- idanna mama ॥

Om. I call upon Agni, the Creator; Vayu ( Air ), the Dispeller of miseries, and Aditya, the bestower of happiness for prāna, apāna ( Inhaling ) and vyāna ( exhaling ), respectively. This is not mine. Everything belongs to God.

ॐ आपो ज्योतीरसो - अमृतं ब्रह्म भूमुर्वः स्वरौ स्वाहा ॥

om āpo jyotīraso-amṛtam brahma

bhūrbhuvrah svarom svāhā ॥

Om. we call upon the Creator and the Preserver of the universe. God is ever - pervading. God is the highest Source of intelligence. God protects the devotees.

(22)

## महा मृत्युञ्जय मन्त्र

Maha mrityunjaya mantra

ॐ ऋषकं यजामहे सुगन्धिम् पृष्ठि -वर्यनम्।

ऊर्वा- रुक्मिनि बन्धनान्मृत्यो - मुक्षीय मा अमृतात् ॥  
aum tryambakam̄ yajāmahe sugandhim puṣṭi-  
vardhanam | ūrvā- rukamiva bandhanānmṛtyo -  
mukṣiya maa āmṛtāt ||

We worship The Three-Eyed Lord Shiva who is naturally fragrant, immensely merciful and who is the Protector of the devotees. Worshipping him may we be liberated from death for the sake of immortality just as the ripe cucumber easily separates itself from the binding stalk i.e. "By your Grace, Let me be in the state of salvation (Moksha) and be saved from the clutches of fearful death and calamities". Remembering Lord Ganesha and then Brahmriishi Vasishta who has given us this mahamantra, before beginning the Mahamrityunjaya Mantra will give us ENHANCED RESULTS.

(23)

## पूर्ण आहुती मन्त्र

pūrṇā āhutī mantra

Host should offer Ghee & all the guests should stand & offer Samagree Ahutis ( oblations ) with the following mantras & try to finish all the offerings as these are the final mantras. You may mix a little Ghee with the Samagree to avoid any splash.

ॐ विश्वानि देव सवितर्दुरितानि परासुव ।

यद् - भद्रं तत्र आसुव स्वाहा ॥

om viśvāni deva savitarduritānī parāsuva ।

yad - bhadram̄ tanna āsuva svāhā ॥  
Om. O God, the Creator of the universe and the giver of all happiness, keep us far from bad habits, bad deeds, and calamities. May we attain everything that is auspicious.

ॐ अग्ने नय सुपथा राये अस्मान्-विश्वानि

देव वयुनानि विद्वान् ।

युयो-ध्यरम्-ज्ञहुराण-मेनो भूयिष्ठा ते नम

उक्तिं विधेम स्वाहा ॥

(24)

## यज्ञ प्रार्थना

om agne naya supathā rāye asmān-viśvāni  
deva vayunāni vidvān |

yuyo-dhyasm-jjuhurāṇa-meano bhūyisṭhāṁ

te nama uktim̄ vidhema svāhā || |

Om. O God, You are Dayva, the Self-Illuminating; and you are Agni, the personification of knowledge. Show us the right path which leads to true knowledge and Dharma so that we may attain riches and knowledge in our lives through righteous deeds. Cast away all our ill – feelings and sins. Give us the intellect so that we are ever engrossed in singing Your name and in meditating upon You.

**The Host may stand up now & everybody repeat the following mantra 3 times & finish all the offerings ( oblations ).**

ॐ सर्वं वै पूर्णं ४ स्वाहा ॥

om sarvam̄ vai pūrṇaṁ svāhā | |

Om. Verily, truly every creation of God is perfect.

**( Repeat the above mantra 3 times )**

Congratulate the host ( if the Havan was performed for some special ceremony ) with some flowers & pass the blessings. If Havan was performed inside, take the Havan Kund around the house, but be careful, & then you may take the Havan Kund outside if the smoke is uncomfortable. Sit down & chant the following Arya bhajan

## yajña prārthanaā

पूजनीय प्रभो हमारे भाव उज्ज्वल कीजीये ।  
pūjanīya prabho hamāre bhāvā ujjvala kījye ।  
छोड़ देवें छल कपट को मानसिक बल दीजीये ।  
chōḍa devēṁ chala kapata ko mānasika bala dījye ।  
वेद की बोलें ऋचाये सत्य को धारन करें ॥  
veda kī bolem̄ ṛcayē satya ko dhārana karem̄ ॥  
हर्श में हों मग्न सारे शोक सागर से तरें ॥  
harṣa meim̄ hom̄ magna sāre śoaka sāgara se tarem̄ ॥

अश्व - मेधादिक ऋचाये यज्ञ पर उप्कार को ।  
asva - medhādika ṛcāyē yajña para upkāra ko ।  
धर्म मध्यादा चला कर लान दें सन्त्सार को ॥  
dharma maryādā calā kara lābha dein̄ sansāra ko ॥  
नित्य श्रद्धा भक्ति से यज्ञादि हम करते रहे ।  
nitya śraddhā bhakti se yajñādi hama karate rahē ।

रोग पीड़ीत विश्व के सन्ताप सब हरते रहें ॥

roga pīḍita viśva ke santāpa saba haratei rahein ॥

भावना मिट जाए मन से पाप अत्याचार की ।

bhāvanā mita jāye mana se pāpa atyācāra kī ।

कामनाये पूर्ण होवें यज्ञ से नर - नार की ॥

kāmanāyai pūrṇa hovēi yajñā se nara - nāra kī ॥

लाभ-कारी हो हवन हर जीवधारी के लिये ।

lābha-kārī ho havana hara jivadhārī ke liye ।

वायू जल सर्वत्र हौं शुभ गन्ध को धारण किये ॥

vāyū jala sarvatra hoīn śubha gandha ko dharanā kiye ॥

स्वार्थ भाव मिटे हमारा प्रेम पश्च विस्तार हो ।

svārtha bhāva mitē hamārā prema patha vistāra ho ।

इदन्न मम का सार्थक प्रति-एक में व्यवहार हो ॥

idanna mama kā sārthaka prati-eka mein vyavahāra ho ॥

हाथ जोड द्युकाये मर्तक वन्दना हम कर रहे ।

hātha joṛa jhukāye mastaka vandanā hama kara rahei ।

नाथ करुणा रूप करुणा आपकी सब पर रहे ॥

nātha karuṇā rūpa karuṇā āpaki saba para rahei ॥

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### कामना

**सर्वे भवन्तु सुखिनः सर्वे सन्तु निरामयाः**

**सर्वे भद्राणि पञ्चन्तु मा कश्चिद् दुखः भाग्मवेत्**

sarve bhavantu sukhināḥ sarve santu nirāmayāḥ  
sarve bhadraṇī paśyantu mā kaścid dukhāḥ bhāgmbhavet

( 26 )

### शान्ति पाठ

**ॐ द्यौः शान्तिरन्तरिक्षं शान्तिः पिश्ची शान्तिरापः शान्तिरोषयः**

**शान्तिः । वनस्पतयः शान्तिर्विश्वे देवाः शान्तिर्ब्रह्म शान्तिः सर्वे**

**शान्तिः शान्तिरेव शान्तिः सा मा शान्तिरेधि ॥ १२ ॥**

ॐ dyauah śāntiranta-riksam śāntih pathiavī  
śāntirāpah śāntiroṣadhyayah śāntih | vanaspatayāḥ  
śāntirviśve devāḥ śāntirbrarahaṁ śāntih sarvāṁ śāntih  
śāntireva śāntih sā mā śāntiredhi ॥ 12 ॥

## ब्रिहद् यज्ञ परिपूर्ण

brihad yajñā paripūrṇā  
**“HERE ENDS THE MAJOR YAJNA”**

## CONGRATULATIONS

## आर्य समाज के दस नियम

THE TEN PRINCIPLES OF A NOBLE SOCIETY  
 ārya samāja ke dasa niyama

१। सब सत्य विद्या और जो पदार्थ विद्या से जाने जाते हैं उन सब का  
 आदिमुल परमेश्वर है ।

The first (efficient) cause of all true knowledge and all that is  
 known through knowledge is God (Parameshwar).

1। saba satya vidyā aura jo padārtha vidyā se jāne jāte hain  
 una saba kā ādimula parameśvara hai ।

२। ईश्वर सच्चिदानन्द स्वरूप निरकार सर्वशक्तिमान त्याचाकारी  
 दयालू अजन्मा अनन्त निर्विकार अनादि अनुपम सर्वधार  
 सर्वेष्वर सर्वव्यापक सर्व-अन्तर्यामि अजर अमर अभ्य नित्य  
 पवित्र और सृष्टि - कर्ता है। उसी की उपासना करने योग्य है ॥

2. God (Ishwara) is blissful, self-revealing, formless,  
 master of all, unbiased, kind, unborn, endless,  
 unchangeable, beginningless, beautiful, the support of all,  
 Lord of all lords, omnipresent, immanent, unageing,  
 immortal, fearless, eternal, holy, and the creator of all  
 creations. He alone is worthy of being worshipped.

2 | īśvara saccidānanda svarupa nirākāra sarvaśaktimāna  
nyāyākārī dayālū ajāmmā ananta nirvikkāra anādi anupama  
sarvadhāra sarveśvara sarvavyāpaka sarva-antaryāmi ajara  
amara abhaya nitya pavitra aura sr̄ṣṭi - kartā hai | usī kī  
upāsanā karane yogya hai ||

३। वेद सब सत्य - विद्यायों का पुस्तक है । वेद का पढ़ना - पढ़ाना

और सुनना - सुनाना सब आयों का परम धर्म है ॥

Vedas are the scripture of true knowledge. It is the first duty of the Aryas ( noble persons ) to read them, teach them, recite them, and hear them being read.

3| veda saba satya - vidyāyom kā pustaka hai | veda kā parhānā - parhānā aura sunanā - sunānā saba āryom kā parama dharma hai ||

४। सत्य को ग्रहण करने और असत्य को छोड़ने के लिये सदा उद्यत रहना चाहिये ॥

One should always be ready to accept truth and give up untruth.

4 | satya ko grahaṇa karane aura asatya ko chorane ke liye sadā udhyata rahanā cāhiye ||

५। सब काम धर्मनुसार अर्थात् सत्य और असत्य को विचार करने चाहिये ॥

One should do everything according to the ethics, i.e. after due reflection over right and wrong.

5 | sabā kāma dharmānusāra arthāta satya aura asatya ko vicāra karake karane cāhiye ||

६। सन्सार का उपकार करना इस समाज का मुख्य उद्देश्य है ।

अर्थात् शारीरिक आत्मिक और सामाजिक उन्नती करना ॥

Doing good to the whole world is the primary objective of this society, i.e. to look to its physical, spiritual and social welfare.

6 | sansāra kā upakāra karanā isa samāja kā mukhya uddesya hai | arthāta śāririka ātmika aura sāmājika unnati karanā ||

७। सब से प्रीतिपूर्वक धर्मनुसार यथायोग्य वर्तना चाहिये ॥

Let your dealings with others be regulated by love, compassion and justice, in accordance with the dictates of Dharma.

7 | sabā se prītipūrvaka dharmānusāra yathāyoga vartanā cāhiye ||

८। अविद्या का नाश और विद्या की वृद्धि करनी चाहिये ॥

One should promote knowledge (vidya) and dispel ignorance (avidya).

8 | aviddyā kā nāśa aura viddyā kī vṛddhi karanī cāhiye ||

१। प्रत्येक को अपनी ही उन्नती से सन्तुष्ट नहीं रहना चाहिये। **किन्तु**

**सब की उन्नती में अपनी उन्नती समझनी चाहिये ॥**

**One should not be content with one's own success, but should look for one's welfare in the welfare of all.**

१। pratyeka ko apanī hī unnatī se santuṣṭa nahīn rahānā cāhiye । kintu saba kī unnatī menī apanī unnatī samajhanī cāhiye ॥

२। सब मनुष्यों को सामाजिक सर्व - हितकारी नियम पालने में

**परतन्त्र रहना चाहिये और प्रत्येक हितकारी नियम पालने में सब स्वतन्त्र रहें ॥**

**One should regard one's self under restrictions to follow altruistic rulings of society, while in following rules of individual welfare, all should be free.**

२। saba manusyom ko sāmājika sarva - hitakārī niyama pālne menī paratantra rahānā cāhiye aura pratyeka hitakārī niyama pālne menī saba svantantra rāhem ॥

## Nine Beliefs of Hinduism

Our beliefs determine our thoughts and attitudes about life, which in turn direct our actions. By our actions, we create our destiny. Beliefs about sacred matters—God, soul and cosmos—are essential to one's approach to life. Hindus believe many diverse things, but there are a few bedrock concepts on which most Hindus concur. The following

nine beliefs, though not exhaustive, offer a simple summary of Hindu spirituality.

1. Hindus believe in a one, all-pervasive Supreme Being who is both immanent and transcendent, both Creator and Unmanifest Reality.
2. Hindus believe in the divinity of the four Vedas, the world's most ancient scripture, and venerate the Agamas as equally revealed. These primordial hymns are God's word and the bedrock of Sanatana Dharma, the eternal religion.
3. Hindus believe that the universe undergoes endless cycles of creation, preservation and dissolution.
4. Hindus believe in karma, the law of cause and effect by which each individual creates his own destiny by his thoughts, words and deeds.
5. Hindus believe that the soul reincarnates, evolving through many births until all karmas have been resolved, and moksha, liberation from the cycle of rebirth, is attained. Not a single soul will be deprived of this destiny.
6. Hindus believe that divine beings exist in unseen worlds and that temple worship, rituals, sacraments and personal devotionals create a communion with these devas and Gods.
7. Hindus believe that an enlightened master, or satguru, is essential to know the Transcendent Absolute, as are personal discipline, good conduct, purification, pilgrimage, self-inquiry, meditation and surrender in God.
8. Hindus believe that all life is sacred, to be loved and revered, and therefore practice ahimsa, noninjury, in thought, word and deed.
9. Hindus believe that no religion teaches the only way to salvation above all others, but that all genuine paths are facets of God's Light, deserving tolerance and understanding.

Hinduism, the world's oldest religion, has no beginning—it precedes recorded history. It has no human founder. It is a mystical religion,

leading the devotee to personally experience the Truth within, finally reaching the pinnacle of consciousness where man and God are one. Hinduism has four main denominations--Saivism, Shaktism, Vaishnavism and Smartism.

## Significance of *Havan*

### By Pramod Varma

I have always been intrigued by the fact, that our *Vedas* prescribed doing *Havan* as the only true *Puja*. Our *Rishis*, who were great scholars, scientists, astrologers, mathematicians & doctors, why considered *Havan* as the only way to worship or please God. Why swami Dayanand ji insisted on performing *Havan* twice a day. Our ancestors always performed *Yajna* on every religious or auspicious ceremonies. Does *Havan* provide any benefit to society or is it just another ritual? Is there a logical reasoning, which our *Rishies* knew? Does it actually pleases God? Then the question arises “ who is God ”? Swami dayanand ji, in his book *Satyaarth Prakash* mentions one hundred names of God. Names of God are basically the qualities of God. All those qualities are actually functions of mother Nature. Nature can be named after every one of those hundred names. So is God the same as Nature and is Nature the same as God? If Nature is not God, then Nature is sure a power of God. With the help of Nature, God is the Creator (Brahma), the Maintainer (Vishnu) and the Destroyer (Shiva). The other qualities are basically the subsidiaries of the *Trimurti* *Parmeshwar*. Then the true worship of God will be to help Nature to do its job. Does *Havan* help Nature? YES it does. In addition to spiritual aspects, there is science & chemistry behind *Havan*. *Havan*, not only benefits the persons who are participating in the *Havan* & the persons who are present, but it benefits the whole mankind & other forms of life & vegetation on this planet. It helps Nature ( GOD ) to do its job & protects HIS creation. It helps to correct the pollution which we are creating. Our *Rishis* probably knew that the man will become so selfish that it will pollute & try to do everything possible to destroy the very planet he lives on. So they devised a mean to correct it, THE *Havan*. I have come up with some of the significance & benefits of performing *Havan*. Of course the list is not complete

- It is a family / community affair. It strengthens the bond of love & affection among participants.
- At the end of every *Mantra*, we say *Idam na mama* . which simply means that all our material possessions are not only for me but are to be shared with others. That provides us with a sacrificial sense of attainment.
- Chanting of *Mantras* & praising GOD brings humility & help get rid of selfishness & vanity.
- It cleans air inside & outside. Fire breaks up the substances into vapor/gaseous phase (sublimation). Producing buoyancy & other aerodynamic effects to clean inside & outside air pollution. The conventional spray cans only neutralizes the odor & also pollute environment, whereas *Havan* replaces the stale inside air with fresh air.
- Combustion is a process in which a fuel is oxidized by the atmospheric oxygen & giving rise to thermal energy & producing heat which was inherent in the particular fuel. Each combustible substance has a unique calorific value, an amount of heat it will produce when burnt. Fossil fuels (gasoline, coal, natural gas etc.) will produce more heat than cellulose fuels (wood etc.). Calorific values of fossil fuels range from 10,000 cal/gm & can produce as much heat as 4,000 – 5000 °F. whereas typical firewood which has a lower calorific values, will produce much smaller amount of heat, 1500 – 2000 °F. Combustion reduces the fuel into its basic ingredients. These ingredients will react with atmospheric gases to produce oxides of Carbon & Nitrogen. At lower temperatures & with ample supply of Oxygen, *Havan* will only produce Carbon Dioxide ( CO<sub>2</sub> ) & water vapor ( H<sub>2</sub>O ). The shape of the *Havan Kund*, an upside down Pyramid, provides ample supply of Oxygen from the wider four sides, hence very little Carbon

Monoxide ( CO ) is produced, which is a known pollutant. During *Havan* we arrange *Havan Kund* with small amount of *Samidhas* ( wood ) & offer *Aahutis* ( oblations, *Samigri*, a mixture of various herbs ) after reciting a *Mantra*. This is a process of slow combustion, assuring lower temperatures. On the other hand, the fossil fuels, by nature of their high calorific values & rapid combustion, will produce high levels of CO & several oxides of Nitrogen. All of which are undesirable pollutants. In gasoline engines, we intentionally suffocate combustion to cause explosion to produce mechanical energy & in the process produce very large amounts of CO & CO<sub>2</sub> which cannot be readily absorbed by surrounding vegetation & hence causes green house effect.

- Natures Eco System. Dead branches of wood will fall on the ground, trees & plants will eventually die. If the ground is covered with this debris, the seeds will not germinate & new plants & trees cannot come up for lack of sunlight. The nature have a solution to clear the ground. The lightning will burn this debris & dead trees. If that ground is residential, it will burn homes & mansions, which always happen in California. That is why our *Rishis* emphasized that the *Samidhas* for *Havan* should only be dry branches of dead trees & must be picked up from ground. This way we help nature & also protect our homes.

- Photosynthesis is a process in which healthy plants absorb CO<sub>2</sub> & water vapor from atmosphere in presence of sunlight & Chlorophyll & produce sugars & release Oxygen.
- $6CO_2 + 6H_2O + Sunlight + Chlorophyll = C_6H_{12}O_6$  ( glucose i.e. food for plants ) + 6O<sub>2</sub>
- Sandhya Kaal* - Photosynthesis is at its maximum during sunrise & just before sunset, when the sky is red. That is why our *rishis*

- recommended to perform *Havan* during these times. Maximum amount of CO<sub>2</sub> is absorbed & hence maximum amount of Oxygen is released at these times.
- A small amount of CO<sub>2</sub> is also reduced to Formaldehyde due to photochemical reaction. Formaldehyde in presence of water vapor acts as a disinfectant & antiseptic.
- $CO_2 + H_2O + 112,000 \text{ calories} = HCHO$  ( Formaldehyde ) + O<sub>2</sub>
- Some types of woods & herbs used in *Havan* also have medicinal values. *Rishies* recommended to use Mango & peepal tree woods. They are known to have medicinal value & are disinfectant. These cannot be consumed orally, but can be burnt & inhaled.

So *Havan* is a multi dimensional affair – spiritual & scientific. The huge industrial complexes, rapid urbanization, deforestation, air and water pollution, ozone-depletion, radioactive wastes etc., have disturbed and destabilized the natural harmony of human, animal and plant life cycles. The ecological imbalance caused by these criminal acts of the so called 'civilized man' has resulted in a disastrous threat, not only to the human survival but, also to life as a whole on our planet. In these times it has become an absolute necessity to perform *Havan*, which is cost-effective, environmentally safe & eco friendly.

Interesting. There were two families, Khushwahas & Rathors, lived in Bhopal, India. These were Arya Samaji families & used to do *Havan* twice a day, every day. In 1984, when Union Carbide toxic gas leaked, thousands of people in Bhopal died or got sick. Some immediate neighbors of these two families also died or got sick, but these two families survived. So far after all the investigation, they could not find any other reason why these two families survived."

**Heal the environment and the healed environment will heal you "**

## तेरे पूजन को भगवान बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान

तुने राजा रक्क बनाये , तुने गिरुक ताज बिठाये  
 तेरी लीला ऐसी महान , बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान  
 तूहीं जल मे , तूहीं थल मे , तूहर डाल की हर पातन मे  
 तूहर दिल मे मूरतिमान , बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान  
 तूहर गुल मे , तूबुबुल मे , तूहर प्रण मे , तूहर कण मे  
 तेरा रूप अनृप महान , बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान  
 जानी किसने तेरी माया , किसने भेद तुम्हारे पाया  
 हारे ऋषि मुनि कर व्यान , बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान  
 हुठे जग की इट्टी माया , मूरब क्वाँ इस्मे भरमाया  
 कर कुछ जीवन का कल्याण , बना मन मन्दिर आलिशान

## जै जै पिता

जै जै पिता परम आनन्द दाता , जगदादि कारन मुकि-प्रदाता  
 अनन्त और अनादि विशेषण हैं तेरे , तू सृष्टि का सूर्य तू धर्ता सन्हर्ता  
 सूक्ष्म से सूक्ष्म तू है स्थूल इतना , कि जिसमें ये बहान्ड सारा समाता  
 मैं लालित व पालित हूँ पितृ-स्वेह का , ये प्राकृत सम्बन्ध हैं तुझसे ताता  
 करो शुद्ध निर्मल मेरी आत्मा को , कर्तृ मैं विनय नित्य सायं व प्रातः  
 मिटायौं मेरे भय आवाग्मन के , फिर्न जन्म पता और बिल्ललाता  
 बिना तेरे हैं कौन दीनन का बस्तु , कि जिसको मैं अपनी अवस्था सुनाता  
 अमृत रस पिलायौ कृपा करके मुझको , हूँ सर्वदा तेरी कीर्ति को गाता

## पितु मातु सहायक

पितु मातु सहायक स्वामी सखा , तुम ही इक नथ हमारे हो  
 जिनके कड़ु और आधारा नहीं , तिन के तुम ही रखवारे हो  
 सब भानि सदा सुखदायक हो , दुख दुर्ण नाशन-हारे हो  
 प्रतिपाल करो सगरे जग को , अतिशय करुणा उर धारे हो  
 भुलि है हम ही तुम को तुम तो , हमरी सुधि नाहीं विसरे हो  
 उपकारन को कलु अन्त नहीं , छिन ही छिन जो विस्तारे हो  
 महाराज महा महिमा तुम्हरी , समझे विरले बुधि वारे हो  
 चुम शान्तिनिकेतन प्रेम निधे , मन-मन्दिर के उजियारे हो  
 इस जीवन के तुम जीवन हो , इन प्रानन के तुम यारे हो  
 तुम सो प्रभु पाया प्रताप हरी , केहि के अब और सहारे हो

## हे दयामय

हे दयामय हम सबो को शुद्धताई दिजिये , दूर करके हर दुराई को भल्लई दिजिये  
 ऐसी कृपा और अनुश्रूत हम पे हो परमात्मा , हौं समासद इस समा के सब के सब धर्मता  
 हो उजाला सब के मन मे घ्यन के प्रकाश से , और अन्येण दूर सारा हो अविद्या-नाश से  
 खोटे कर्मों से बच्वे और तेरे गुण गाये सभी , छूट जायें दुख सारे सुख सदा पायें सभी  
 सारी विद्यायों को सीरें घ्यान से भर्ह हों , शुम करम मे होयें ततपर दुष्ट गुण सब दूर हों  
 हवन से हो सुगन्धित अपना घर मन्दिर ये देश , वायु जल सुखदाई होये जायें मिट सारे क्षेत्र  
 वेद के प्रचार मे होयें सभी पुरुशार्थी , होये आपस मे प्रीति और बने परमार्थी  
 लोभी और कामी कोई कोई भी हम मे न हो , सब व्यक्तों से बचे और छोड देवें मोह को  
 अच्छी सन्नति मे रहें और वेद मार्ग पर चलें , तेरे ही होयें उपसक और बुद्धमो से बचें  
 कीजिये सब का हृदय शुद्ध अपने ग्रन्थ से , मान भक्तों मे बढ़ये सब्ला भक्ति दन से

## अब सौंप दिया इस जीवन का

अब सौंप दिया इस जीवन का , सब भार तुम्हारे हाथों में ।  
 है जीत तुम्हारे हाथों में और हार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥  
 मेरा निश्चय बस एक यही , इक बार तुम्हें पा जायें ।  
 अर्पण कर दूर्जिनिया भर का सब धार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥  
 जो जग में रह तो ऐसे रहूँ ज्ञां जल में कमल का फूल रहे ।  
 मेरे अवधुण देश समर्पित हों करतार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥  
 यदि मानव का मुझे जन्म मिले तो तब चरणों का पुजारी बनूँ ।  
 इस पूजक की इक इक रण का हो तार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥  
 जब जब सन्सार का कैदी बनूँ निष्काम भाव से करम करूँ ।  
 फिर अन्त समय मे प्राण तर्जुं सरकार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥  
 मुझ में तुझ में बस भेद यही मैं न हूँ तुम नरायण हो ।  
 मैं हूँ संसार के हाथों में संसार तुम्हारे हाथों में ॥

## ॐ गायत्रि मन्त्र

प्राण प्रदत्ता सन्कट त्राता आनन्द दत्ता ॐ  
 सविता माता पिता वरेण्यं भगवन आता ॐ  
 तेरा सत्य स्वरूप करै हम धारण दत्ता ॐ  
 प्रजा प्रेरित करै सुकर्म विश्व विघ्ना ॐ  
 ओ३म् भूभूवः स्व । तत्सवितुर्वरेण्यं  
 भग्नो द्वेरस्य धीमहि । धियो यो नः प्रचोदयात्

तेरे हमें उत्पन्न किया पालन कर रहा है त्  
 तुहीं हमारा है पिता काथों को हर रहा है त्  
 तेरा महन तेज है छाचा हुया सभी स्थान  
 सुहि की वस्तु वस्तु में हो रहा है विद्यमान  
 तुहसे ही पते प्राण हम भागते तेरी दया  
 ईश्वर हमारी बुद्धि को श्रेष्ठ मार्ग पर चला

**Here are some popular statements from ancient Sanskrit texts.**

**न हि ज्ञानेन सहश्रमः -- nahi gyaanena sadRisham**

Nothing is equivalent to knowledge

**वसुदैव उद्गुप्तकं -- vasudaiva kutumbakam**

World is one family

**सत्यमेव जयते -- satyameva jayate**

Truth always triumphs

**धर्मो रक्षति रक्षितः -- dharmo rakshati rakshitaH**

He who carries out his duties shall be protected

**सर्वे जनाः सुखिनोऽस्वत्तु -- sarvejanaH sukhinobhavantu**

May all the people in this universe live with happiness and prosperity

**जन्मना जातः शुद्धः सर्वे , कर्मणा ब्राह्मणो भवति-जन्मना jaataH shuudraH**  
**कर्मेनाब्राह्मणो भवति**

All humans are Shudras by birth and they become Brahmins only through their deeds.

**असतो मा सद्गमय तमसो मा ज्ञानोर्पमय मृत्योर्मा अमृत गमय**  
 asato maa sadgamaya, tamaso maa jyotirgamaya, mR^ityormaa amR^ita gamaya

Lead me towards truth from untruth  
Lead me towards light from darkness

Lead me towards immortality from Death

**यत् तार्याद्दुः सूक्ष्मने रमने तत्र देवता:**

yatra naaryaastu puujyante , ramante tatra devataaH

Where women are treated with dignity and Womanhood is worshipped,  
there Roam the GODS

**एकं सत् वित्तः बहुधा वदन्ति – ekaM sat vipraH bahudha vadanti**

There is but one God, learned scholars call this God by different names

**ईशावान्यमिदं सर्वम्– iiShaa vasyamidaM sarvaM**

The entire universe is pervaded by God

**सर्वं अमृतस्य पुत्रः: – sarve amR^itasya putraH** -- We are all the children of God

**अति विनयं धृष्टं लक्षणं – ati vinayaM dhuururtha lakshaNaM**

Too much of humbleness is an attribute of a wicked person

**अहं ब्रह्मास्मि – ahaM brahmaasi**

I am God (indicating God lives inside humans)

**लोभः यापस्य कारणम् – lobhaH paapasya kaaraNaM**

Greed is the root cause of sin

**मातृ देवो भव पितृ देवो भव , आचार्य देवो भव अतिथि देवो भव**

maatri devo bhava pitri devo bhava

achaarya devo bhava atithi devo bhava

Treat your Mother, Father, Teacher and Guest like a God

**सत्यं ब्रूयात् प्रियं ब्रूयात् न ब्रूयात् सत्यं अप्रियं**

**प्रियं च नान्दनं ब्रूयात् एषा धर्मः स्नातनः:**

satyaM bruuyaat priyaM bruuyaat na bruuyaat satyaM apriyaM

priyaM cha nanR^itaM bruuyaat esha dharmaH sanaataanah

Only speak the truth that is pleasant to others  
Do no speak the truth that might be unpleasant to others

Never speak untruth that is pleasant to others

This is the path of the eternal morality called Sanatana Dharma

**शुभं करोति: कल्याणं आरोग्यं प्रत्यक्षमदः , शत्रुबुद्धि विनाशाय दीपज्ञोति नमोस्तुते**

shubhaM karotiH kalyaaNaM aarogyam dhanasampadaaH

shatrubuddhi vinaashaaya diipajyoti namostute

I salute the light from the lamp, the one that brings auspiciousness, prosperity, good health, abundance of wealth, and the destruction of the intellect's enemy!

(said while turning on the evening lights)

**कालाय तर्जनै नमः – kaalaaya tasmai namaH**

Salutations to that great entity called TIME

**सत्यं वद धर्मं चर – satyaM vada dharmaM chara**

Speak the truth, follow the righteous path

**आनो भद्रः: क्रतवोर्यन्तु विश्वसः: – aa no bhadraaH kratavo yantu vishwataH**

May auspicious thoughts come to us from all over the world.

**माताभूमिः पुत्रोऽहं पृथिव्याः: – maataa bhumiH putro hama prithvyaaH**

Earth is our mother and we are its children.

**योपामायातनाम वेद आशतनवान् भवति**

yopaamaayatanam veda aayatanavaan bhavati

One who knows the sustaining power of the Supreme, becomes sustained.

**ओम् इति ब्रह्मा ओम् इतीदं सर्वम्**

om iti brahmaa om iteedaM sarvaM

Om is Brahman (Supreme) and Om is everything!

**अनन्ता वै वेदाः:**

anantaa vai vedaah

Knowledge is endless

**परोऽपकार फुण्याप पापाप एव धृत्वम्**

Paropakaara puNyaya paraapaya para peedhanam

Helping others is good, hurting others is bad.

**उद्दरेत आत्मना आत्मनम्**

uddharet aatmanna aatmaanam

One should advance oneself by one's own efforts

**विज्ञाते अविज्ञानतोऽ अविज्ञाते विज्ञानतत्त्वम्**

vignataam avijaanataam, avignaataam vijaanataam

He who thinks he knows, does not know; he who thinks he does not know, knows!

### Introduction to the Vedas

Paraphrased from an article *By Swami Sivananda ji*

The Divine Life Society, Sivananda Ashram, Rishikesh, India

Sanskrit literature can be classified under six orthodox heads and four secular heads. The six orthodox sections form the authoritative scriptures of the Hindus. The four secular sections embody the latter developments in classical Sanskrit literature.

The six scriptures are: (i) Srutis, (ii) Smritis, (iii) Itihasas, (iv) Puranas, (v)

Agamas and (vi) Darsanas.

The four secular writings are: (i) Subhashitas, (ii) Kavyas, (iii) Natakas and (iv) Alankaras.

### VEDA - THE REVEALED WISDOM

The **Srutis** are called the **Vedas**, or the **Amnaaya**. The Hindus have received their religion through revelation, the Vedas. These are direct intuitive revelations and are held to be **Apaurusheya\*** or entirely superhuman, without any author in particular. The Veda is the glorious pride of the Hindus, nay, of the whole world.

*\*/Every hymn in the Rigveda has a specified Rishi, CHandas and Devata; there are several hundred or even over a thousand Rishis who contributed to Rigveda. Apaurusheya probably means that they received it by direct intuitive perception . Apaurusheya is in that sense/*

The term Veda comes from the root 'Vid', to know. The word Veda means knowledge. When it is applied to scripture, it signifies a book of knowledge.

The Vedas are the foundational scriptures of the Hindus. The Veda is the source of the other five sets of scriptures, why, even of the secular and the materialistic. / *Entire body of Hindu knowledge pertaining to all aspects of our life and beyond (Dharma, artha, Kama and moksha) is rooted in the Vedas/* The Veda is the storehouse of Indian wisdom and is a memorable glory which man can never forget till eternity.

The Vedas are the eternal truths revealed by God to the great ancient Rishis of India. The word **Rishi** means a Seer, from **dris**, to see. He is the **Mantra-Drashta**, seer of Mantra or thought. The thought was not his own. The Rishis saw the truths or heard them. Therefore, the Vedas are what are heard (**Shruti**). The Rishi did not write. He did not create it out of his mind. He was the seer of thought which existed already. He was only the spiritual discoverer of the thought. He is not the inventor of the Veda. *(just as Newton did not create gravity/)*

## THE UNIQUE GLORY OF THE VEDAS

The Vedas represent the spiritual experiences of the Rishis of yore. The Rishi is only a medium or an agent to transmit to people the intuitional experiences which he received. The truths of the Vedas are revelations. All the other religions of the world claim their authority as being delivered by special messengers of God to certain persons, but the Vedas do not owe their authority to any one. They are themselves the authority as they are eternal, as they are the Knowledge of the Lord.

Lord Brahma, the Creator, imparted the divine knowledge to the Rishis or Seers. The Rishis disseminated the knowledge. The Vedic Rishis were great realised persons who had direct intuitive perception of Brahman or the Truth. They were inspired writers. They built a simple, grand and perfect system of religion and philosophy from which the founders and teachers of all other religions have drawn their inspiration.

The Vedas are the oldest books in the library of man. The essential truths contained in all religions are ultimately traceable to the Vedas. The Vedas are the fountain-head of religion. The Vedas are the ultimate source to which all religious knowledge can be traced. Religion is of divine origin. It was revealed by God to man in the earliest times. It is embodied in the Vedas.

The Vedas are eternal. They are without beginning and end. An ignorant man, may say how a book can be without beginning or end. By the Vedas, no books are meant. Vedas came out of the breath of the Lord. They are not the composition of any human mind. They were never written, never created. They are eternal and impersonal. The date of the Vedas has never been fixed. It can never be fixed. Vedas are eternal spiritual truths. Vedas are an embodiment of divine knowledge. The books may be destroyed, but the

knowledge cannot be destroyed. Knowledge is eternal. In that sense, the Vedas are eternal.

## CLASSIFICATIONS OF THE VEDAS

The Veda is classified into four great books: the **Rig-Veda**, the **Yajur-Veda**, the **Sama-Veda** and the **Atharva-Veda**. The **Yajur-Veda** is again classified under two sub-categories, the **Sukla** and the **Krishna**. The Krishna or the **Taittiriya** is the older book and the **Sukla** or the **Vajasaneyi** is a later revelation to sage **Yajnavalkya** from the resplendent Sun-God.

The **Rig-Veda** is divided into twenty-one sections, the **Yajur-Veda** into one hundred and nine sections, the **Sama-Veda** into one thousand sections and the **Atharva-Veda** into fifty sections. In all, the whole Veda is thus divided into one thousand one hundred and eighty recensions.

Each Veda consists of four parts: the **Mantra-Samhitas** or hymns, the **Brahmanas** or explanations of Mantras or rituals, the **Aranyakas**, and the **Upanishads**. The division of the Vedas into four parts is to suit the four stages in a human life.

The **Mantra-Samhitas** are hymns in praise and worship of the supreme through a host of Vedic Deities as embodiments of natural and super natural forces governing the universe for attaining material prosperity here and happiness hereafter. They are metrical poems comprising prayers, hymns and incantations addressed to various deities, both subjective and objective. The **Mantra** portion of the Vedas is useful for the Brahmacarins.

The **Rig-Veda Samhita** is the grandest book of the Hindus, the oldest and the best. It is the Great Indian Bible, which no Hindu would forget to adore from the core of his heart. Its style, the language and the tone are most beautiful and mysterious. Its immortal Mantras embody the greatest truths of existence,

and it is perhaps the greatest treasure in all the scriptural literature of the world. Its priest is called the Hotri.

The **Yajur-Veda** Samhita is mostly in prose and is meant to be used by the **Adhvaryu**, the Yajur-Vedic priest, for elaborate explanations of the rites in yagna, complementing the Rig-Vedic Mantras.

The **Sama-Veda** Samhita is mostly borrowed from the Rig-Vedic Samhita, and is meant to be sung by the **Udgatri**, the Sama Vedic priest.

The **Atharva-Veda** Samhita is meant to be used by the **Brahma**, the Atharva-Vedic priest, to correct the mispronunciations and wrong performances that may accidentally be committed by the other three priests.

The **Brahmana** portions guide people to perform yagna. They are prose explanations of the method of using the **Mantras** in the **Yajna**.

There are two Brahmanas to the Rig-Veda-the **Aitareya** and the **Sankhayana**. "The Rig-Veda", says Max Muller, "is the most ancient book of the world. The sacred hymns of the Brahmanas stand unparalleled in the literature of the whole world; and their preservation might well be called miraculous."

The **Satapatha Brahmana** belongs to the **Sukla-Yajur-Veda**. The **Krishna-Yajur-Veda** has the **Taittiriya** and the **Maitrayana Brahmanas**. The **Tandya** or **Panchavimsa**, the **Shadvimsa**, the **Chhandogya**, the **Adbhuta**, the **Arsheya** and the Upanishad Brahmanas belong to the **Sama-Veda**. The Brahmana of the Atharva-Veda is called the **Gopatha**. Each of the Brahmanas has got an Aranyaka.

The **Aranyakas** are the forest books, the mystical sylvan texts which give

philosophical interpretations of the rituals. The **Aranyakas** are intended for the **Vanaprasthas** or hermits who prepare themselves for taking **Sannyasa**.

The **Upanishads** are the most important portion of the Vedas. The Upanishads are the essence or the eternal wisdom of the Vedas. The philosophy of the Upanishads is sublime, profound, lofty and soul-stirring.

The Upanishads speak of the identity of the individual soul and the Supreme Soul. They reveal the most subtle and deep spiritual truths. The Upanishads are useful for the Sannyasins.

### THE ESSENCE OF THE VEDAS

Live in the spirit of the teachings of the Vedas. Learn to discriminate between the permanent (Atman, the subject ) and the temporary (body, the object ). Behold the Self in all beings, in all objects. Names and forms are illusionary. Therefore sublate them. Feel that there is nothing but the Self. Share what you have, -physical, mental, moral or spiritual, -with all. Serve the Self in all. Feel when you serve others, that you are serving your own Self. Love thy neighbour as thyself. Melt all illusionary differences. Remove all barriers that separate human from another human. Mix with all. Embrace all. Accept & respect all. Destroy the gender-idea and body & the race -idea by constantly thinking of the Self or the genderless, bodiless Atman. Fix the mind on the Self when you work. This is the essence of the teachings of the Vedas and sages of yore. This is real, eternal life in Atman. Put these things in practice in the daily struggle of life. You will shine as a dynamic Yogi or a Jivanmukta. There is no doubt about this.